

# **Department of Environmental Conservation**

DIVISION OF WATER Compliance Program 555 Cordova Street, 3rd Floor Anchorage, AK 99501 Main: 907.269.6285 Fax: 907. 269.4604 www.dec.alaska.gov

1/24/2018

#### NOTICE OF VIOLATION

Failure to Comply with Permit Conditions under 18 AAC 83 – Alaska Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Construction General Permit Authorization Number AKR10FN16 & AKR10FN17.

David Kemp ADOT&PF Central Region PO Box 196900 Anchorage, AK 99519

Todd Porter QAP 240 W. 68th Avenue Anchorage, AK 99518

Complaint No. 2018-R0034

The Department alleges that beginning on or about March 10, 2017 and continuing up until December 14, 2017, in Anchorage, Alaska, the Alaska Department of Transportation (ADOT) and QAP did unlawfully fail to comply with the conditions of the Alaska Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (APDES) permit.

On December 14, 2017, the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) performed an announced inspection of the Seward Highway: Dimond Boulevard to Dowling Road Reconstruction, Phase 1 construction project for compliance with the APDES, Construction General Permit, Permit Authorization Numbers AKR10FN16 and AKR10FN17. Permit violations identified during the facility inspection and on-site records review include: failure to maintain records, failure to submit required permit application information, failure to properly install/implement BMPs, narrative effluent violation and are enumerated below:

- 1) ADOT did not file a NOI modification to include the use of treatment chemicals (EarthGuard) when QAP did on October 18, 2017. A modification was filed by ADOT on December 13, 2017, 56 days after QAP. More notably, NOIs were not filed by either permittee in April 2017 when ADOT approved the use of the treatment chemicals to be used on the site.
  - a) Permit part <u>2.7.1.5</u> states "A permittee must file an NOI modification form to DEC (see Part 2.3) to update or correct the following information on the original NOI within 30 calendar days of the change:... Change in decision to use or not use treatment chemicals..."
  - b) Regulatory Citation: 18 AAC 83.405(b) Duty to comply; 18 AAC 83.405(k) Monitoring and records
- 2) The NOI modifications were not posted on the entrance boards to the site.
  - a) Permit part <u>5.10.2.1</u> states "...The sign or other notice must contain the following information: A copy of the completed NOI (and NOI modification) as submitted to DEC;.."

- b) Regulatory Citation: 18 AAC 83.405(b) Duty to comply; 18 AAC 83.405(k) Monitoring and records
- 3) The SWPPP amendment log does not show that the SWPPP was updated to include required items for the use of treatment chemicals on the project site. Therefore, the required treatment chemical documentation was not included in the SWPPP.
  - a) Permit part <u>4.6.2.3</u> states "Document the following in the SWPPP: Specific chemicals and chemical treatment systems used; Names and titles of person(s) who handle and apply treatment chemicals; Title of training conducted, date, instructor name, and attendees. A permittee must train employees who handle treatment chemicals to comply with the information required by Part 4.6.1..."
  - b) Regulatory Citation: 18 AAC 83.405(b) Duty to comply; 18 AAC 83.405(k) Monitoring and records
- 4) EarthGuard was not documented as a stabilization measure on the grading and stabilization log, however, DEC was told during the inspection that it was applied as a temporary stabilization measure on the site for winter shutdown.
  - a) Permit part <u>5.8.2.1.5</u> states "Summaries of the following information, or copies of the reports, must be maintained with the SWPPP by the permittee following authorization under this permit: Grading and Stabilization Activities Log... Description of Stabilization Measure".
  - b) Regulatory Citation: 18 AAC 83.405(b) Duty to comply; 18 AAC 83.405(k) Monitoring and records
- 5) During the inspection, treatment chemicals (EarthGuard) and mulch were observed sprayed on a gravel bar of North Fork Little Campbell Creek. Since the gravel bar is within the stream channel and below the ordinary high water mark (OHWM), treatment chemicals were therefore observed sprayed into waters of the United States (U.S.).
  - a) Permit part <u>4.6.3.2.3</u> states "Treatment chemicals shall not be applied directly to a waters of the U.S.".
  - b) Regulatory Citation: 18 AAC 83.405(b) Duty to comply; 18 AAC 83.405(e) Duty to mitigate
- 6) Down-slope sediment controls were not observed adjacent to waterways. EarthGuard was observed sprayed on streambank slopes immediately adjacent to waterways without the use of any physical control measures.
  - a) Permit part <u>4.3.3</u> states "A permittee must establish and use down-slope sediment controls...for any portion of the down-slope and side-slope perimeter where storm water will be discharged from disturbed areas of the site.", permit part <u>4.6.2.2</u> states "Prior to and after use, install appropriate physical control measures...to ensure effectiveness of the treatment chemical;", permit part <u>4.6.3</u> states "The application of treatment chemicals shall be in combination with appropriate physical control measures...to ensure effectiveness of the treatment chemical. The use of treatment chemicals is not considered a substitute for appropriate physical control measures and does not preclude any other requirement of this permit." and permit part <u>4.6.3.2.4</u> states "...Application through the use of manufactured products...shall be used in combination with adequate ditch check dams, settling basins, or other physical control measures designed to settle out chemically treated soils and minimize the presence of treatment chemicals before discharges reach waters of the U.S...."
  - b) Regulatory Citation: 18 AAC 83.405(b) Duty to comply; 18 AAC 83.405(e) Duty to mitigate
- 7) Employee training logs for ADOT and QAP in the SWPPP did not include treatment chemical training documentation.
  - a) Permit part <u>4.6.1.7</u> states "All person(s) who handle and apply treatment chemicals at the construction site must receive training in the proper handling and application of treatment chemicals. The names and titles of persons who receive training and the date(s) training occurred must be documented in the SWPPP in accordance with Part 5.8.2.7." and permit part <u>4.6.2.3.3-4</u> states "Document the following in the SWPPP:... Title of training conducted, date, instructor name, and attendees. A permittee must train employees who handle treatment chemicals to comply with the information required by Part 4.6.1."
  - b) Regulatory Citation: 18 AAC 83.405(b) Duty to comply; 18 AAC 83.405(k) Monitoring and records

Such inaction is in violation of your permit.

To address the violation(s) described above, the Department requires that you do the following:

- 1. Explain why ADOT and QAP's modifications weren't submitted to DEC within 30 days of the decision to use treatment chemicals and describe how ADOT and QAP will ensure that NOI modifications are submitted to DEC within the required timeframe in the future.
- 2. Post both ADOT's and QAP's NOI modifications to the SWPPP entrance board and submit a photo to DEC showing the posted documentation.
- 3. Explain why the SWPPP was not updated to include the use of treatment chemicals. Update the SWPPP to include the requirements listed in permit part 4.6 and submit the documentation that was added to the SWPPP to DEC. Describe how ADOT and QAP will ensure that the SWPPP is updated appropriately in the future.
- 4. Explain why EarthGuard was not on the grading and stabilization log. Update the log appropriately and submit a copy of the updated log to DEC.
- 5. Explain why treatment chemicals were sprayed into Waters of the US and how ADOT and QAP will ensure that such action is prevented in the future.
- 6. Install appropriate down-slope sediment controls and physical control measures to ensure effectiveness of the treatment chemical and protect water bodies. Provide DEC with photos demonstrating how the corrective actions were made in the field at the locations identified in photo numbers 12, 16, 23, 24, 25 and 26 in the inspection report.
- 7. Conduct an appropriate handing and application of treatment chemicals training and update the SWPPP with the training documentation. Submit the training log to DEC with a synopsis of what the training covered. Describe how ADOT and QAP will ensure that the training is conducted appropriately in the future.

Please respond to this request by no later than 5/31/2018. Deliverables can be submitted via mail, email, or fax:

Attention: Catherine Beatty 555 Cordova Street, 3<sup>rd</sup> Floor Anchorage, AK 99501 catherine.beatty@alaska.gov

Fax: 907. 269.4604

Penalties for violation of State statutes and regulations can be quite serious. In a civil action, a person who violates or causes or permits to be violated a provision of this statute, may be liable to the State for substantial monetary damages under AS 46.03.760. Depending on the nature of the violation, you may also be liable for the State's response costs under AS 46.03.822, for spill penalties under AS 46.03.758-759, for administrative penalties under AS 46.03.761, or for other kinds of damages or penalties under other statutes.

In a criminal violation, a person who acts with criminal negligence may be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor. AS 46.03.790. Upon conviction, a defendant who is not an organization may be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding \$10,000.00 and/or sentenced to a definite term of imprisonment of not more than one year. Upon conviction, a defendant that is an organization may be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding the greater of \$500,000.00 or an amount which is three times the pecuniary damage or loss caused by the defendant to another or property of another. AS 12.55.035; each day of violation may be considered a separate violation. Alaska laws allow the State to pursue both civil and criminal actions concurrently.

Nothing in this notice shall be construed as a waiver of the State's authority or as an agreement on the part of the State to forego judicial or administrative enforcement of the above-described violation(s) or to seek recovery

of damages, cost and penalties as prescribed by law. In addition, nothing herein shall be construed as a waiver of enforcement for past, present, or future violations not specifically set forth herein.

If you have additional questions, I may be contacted at (907) 269-7560, or via e-mail: catherine.beatty@alaska.gov.

Catherine Beatty, Enforcement Officer

Check One:

Credential No. R-0308

( ) Personally Served(X) Sent by Certified Mail# 7016 2070 0000 6899 1084 (ADOT)

# 7016 2070 0000 6899 1091 (QAP)

on the 24th day of January, 2018

Enclosure: APDES Inspection Report

cc: Amber Bennett, Environmental Program Specialist, DEC, w/enclosure Katrina Chambon, Acting Environmental Program Manager, DEC, w/enclosure Lisa Hart, Program Coordinator, DEC, w/enclosure Rick Cool, NPDES Inspector, USEPA, w/enclosure Mary Nan Cunningham, Regional Erosion and Sediment Control Advisor, ADOT, w/enclosure



#### **APDES INSPECTION REPORT**

#### Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Water 555 Cordova Street, Anchorage, AK 99501

Section 1: General Data				
Permit Number	Announced / Unannounced	Receiving Waters	Inspection Date	
Number: AKR10FN16 & AKR10FN17		North and South Fork	Date: 12/14/2017	
Effective: 3/7/2017 & 3/10/2017	Announced	Little Campbell Creek Anchorage MS4	Entry Time: 9:30 AM	
Expiration: 1/31/2021		O	Exit Time: 1:40 PM	

#### Section 2: Facility Data

Name of Facility: Seward Highway: Dimond Boulevard to Dowling Road Reconstruction, Phase 1

On-Site Representative/Physic	al /\dd#aaa.
<b>1 111=3116 1 161116 36111 311 1 16 7 161 18 11 18</b>	ar Auguess

Name: Chong Kim Title: Project Engineer

Address: 8200 Homer Drive, Anchorage, AK 99518

Phone: (907) 244-8521 (cell) Email: chong.kim@alaska.gov

Name: Ray Butcher

Title: Project Superintendent

Address: 8200 Homer Drive, Anchorage, AK 99518

Phone: (907) 522-2211

Email: rbutcher@colaska.com

Latitude/Longitude at the outfall: 61.15584 N,

-149.85560 W (Taken from NOI)

#### Responsible Party/Mailing Address:

Name: David Kemp

Title: Regional Director ADOT&PF Central Region Address: PO Box 196900, Anchorage, AK 99519

Phone: (907) 269-0770

Email: david.kemp@alaska.gov

Name: Todd Porter

Title: QAP General Manager

Address: 240 W. 68th Avenue, Anchorage, AK 99518

Phone: (907) 522-2211 Email: cortega@colaska.com

#### Additional Inspection Participants:

Joshua James, ADOT Mary Nan Cunningham, ADOT

Spencer Newins, QAP

Jessica Farrell, EMC (ADOT subcontractor)

Mike Fizette, QAP

For internal use only:

SIC: 1611(Highway and Street Construction, Except Elevated Highways) and 1622 (Bridge, Tunnel and Elevated Highway

Construction)

SEV: B0N41 Failure to maintain records

SEV: D0R12 Failure to submit required permit application

information

SEV: BR19A Failure to properly install / implement BMPs

SEV: A0M22 Narrative effluent violation

#### Section 3: Findings

#### Background/Regulatory Status/Compliance History

This construction project expands the Seward Highway from Dimond Boulevard to Dowling Road in Anchorage from four to six lanes, reconfigures highway ramps and frontage roads, constructs a new grade separation, builds a bridge and installs three new box culvert crossings.

No previous Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC) Division of Water inspections have been conducted for this project prior to the December 14, 2017 inspection.

This was an announced routine inspection that covers the time period of March 10, 2017-December 14, 2017.

#### **Field Inspection**

Upon arrival at Seward Highway: Dimond Boulevard to Dowling Road Reconstruction, Phase 1, introductions were exchanged and inspector credentials were presented.

The following information was provided verbally by onsite representatives:

- The purpose of this project is to improve safety and operating conditions and add capacity and connectivity to the stretch of the Seward Highway between Dowling Road and Dimond Boulevard.
- Construction began on March 14, 2017 and is expected to end in June 2019.
- The project had 24 hour coverage, with day and night shifts during the summer.
- The project went into winter shutdown on November 2, 2017.
- The middle portion of the project has been completed which includes the construction of a bridge, two box culverts installed at North Fork Little Campbell Creek and South Fork Little Campbell Creek, widening of the main line and lifting the highway 26 feet for the bridge installation. The remaining sections to be constructed include: the north and south ends of the project, ramps, frontage roads and a South Fork Little Campbell Creek box culvert.
- The project's acreage of land disturbance is 85 acres.
- Erosion and sediment control measures installed on-site at one time or another include: star wattles (inlets and check dams), witches hats, mud mats, silt fence, duck ponds under porta-potties and wash out areas, boars hair (inlet filter fabric), mulch for temporary stabilization and EarthGuard with mulch for winter shutdown's temporary stabilization.
- EarthGuard (polyacrylamide (PAM)) is mixed with hydroseed mulch so that it acts like a tracer to see where it has been applied. It will stabilize the soil for six months.
- Erosion and sediment controls currently still installed on-site include: silt fence, straw wattles for check dams, EarthGuard/hydroseed mulch, and riprap for down flumes.
- QAP's storm water pollution prevention plan (SWPPP) management staff are responsible for maintaining all control measures. Ms. Kysha Mallo was responsible from March 6, 2017 to March 29, 2017. Ms. Brittani Motoyama was responsible from March 29, 2017 to October 18, 2017. Mr. Spencer Newins has been responsible from October 19, 2017 to the present.
- There have been no reportable spills or leaks on-site during construction.
- On-site inspectors include Ms. Jessica Farrell (ADOT's representative) and a QAP representative. Ms. Farrell has been on the project since the start of construction. Ms. Mallo, Ms. Motoyama and Mr. Newins have split the time inspecting for QAP.
- Inspections were completed once every seven days, either on a Monday or Tuesday, but the designated inspection day was eventually changed to a Wednesday.
- Mr. Kim and Mr. Butcher sign the inspection reports for ADOT and QAP.
- The site was stabilized for winter shutdown by applying EarthGuard and mulch, installing rock flumes, check dams, asphalt and recycled asphalt pavement (RAP).
- There is a topsoil stockpile off of Abbott Road where the old north bound ramp used to be and it has been stabilized with EarthGuard and mulch.
- Fueling was done on-site, with a contractor coming to the site one to two times per day. The hazardous materials control plan states that fueling has to be done more than 100 meters away from a water source.
- No equipment washing was conducted on-site.
- The concrete washout was lined and moved around the project site quite a bit.

- The project had a stabilized entrance and exit that moved throughout the life of the project depending on where it was needed.
- The staging and material storage area is off of 74<sup>th</sup> and Brayton Drive and held traffic control devices, tools, pipe, best management practices (BMPs) and insulation board.
- Fertilizer has not been used on the project site yet, as there hasn't been any permanent stabilization applied. Vegetated mat was placed around the relocated portion of South Fork Little Campbell Creek.
- Excavation and dewatering occurred on-site. Water was pumped using silt bags into contained settling ponds before it was discharged to land. The project has excavation and dewatering permit coverage under authorization number AKG002074.
- A rain gauge is used to monitor rainfall.
- Two oil and grit (OGS) separators have been installed at 80<sup>th</sup> and Homer Drive and 70<sup>th</sup> and Homer Drive. Three more OGSs will be installed in 2018.

#### The following information was provided post-inspection:

- EarthGuard applicators included Cody Butcher (Operator/Nozzle Man) and Jordan Finke (Operator/Driver) under the direction of trained and AK-CESCL certified SWPPP Manager and SWPPP inspector.
- The mixing of EarthGuard and mulch was administered by the SWPPP Manager and SWPPP Inspector on-site based on the application and slope as indicated in the cut sheets.
- Equipment used to apply EarthGuard included a 3000 gallon capacity hydro mulch truck for half acre coverage.
- EarthGuard MSDS sheets and application rates were provided.
- EarthGuard was stored on-site in a secured material storage area connex.
- The EarthGuard (five gallon container) was purchased at Polar Supply on an as needed basis.

#### The following observations were made by ADEC inspectors:

- The project is currently in winter shutdown.
- There was no active discharge from the site observed during the inspection.
- NOIs and the SWPPP location were posted at the project entrances, however the most recently modified NOIs for both permittees were not posted on the SWPPP boards.
- The majority of the site was sprayed with EarthGuard and mulch to provide temporary stabilization for winter shutdown.
- Treatment chemicals (EarthGuard) and mulch were sprayed on a gravel bar of the North Fork of Little Campbell Creek, which is an anadromous stream.
- Down-slope sediment controls were not installed adjacent to waterways.
- EarthGuard was observed sprayed on streambank slopes immediately adjacent to waterways without the use of any physical control measures.

## Sampling YES NO

#### **Records Review**

The following records were reviewed as part of the inspection and are considered complete:

- Copy of the Construction General Permit (CGP)
- Copy of signed Notices of Intent (NOIs) and modifications (ADOT filed a modification on 12/13/17 for the use of treatment chemicals (EarthGuard) and updated the list of receiving waters; QAP filed a modification on 10/18/17 for the use of treatment chemicals (EarthGuard) and on 12/13/17 to update the list of receiving waters).
- DEC Authorizations for ADOT and QAP
- Inspection reports were completed at least once every seven days from 3/16/17 to 11/2/17.

- Site map
- Corrective Action Log- All corrective actions were completed within the time frame required and all items listed on inspection forms were on the log. The last entry was made on 9/20/17.
- Alaska Certified Erosion and Sediment Control Lead (AK-CESCL) and Certified Inspector of Sediment and Erosion Control (CISEC) certifications for all storm water staff were up to date.
- Rainfall monitoring data is entered on the daily record of rainfall log and on inspection reports.

The following records were reviewed as part of the inspection and are considered incomplete:

- SWPPP Modification Log- The log was last modified on 12/14/17, when NOI modifications were added to the SWPPP. The log does not show that the SWPPP was updated to include required items for the use of treatment chemicals on the project site.
- Grading and Stabilization Log The only two stabilization measures listed on the log were "paved" and "mulched". EarthGuard was not documented as a stabilization measure on the log, however, DEC was verbally told during the inspection that it was applied as a temporary stabilization measure on the site for winter shutdown.
- Employee training logs for ADOT and QAP in the SWPPP did not include treatment chemical training documentation.

#### Section 4: Compliance

#### Violations

- 1) ADOT did not file a NOI modification to include the use of treatment chemicals (EarthGuard) when QAP did on October 18, 2017. A modification was filed by ADOT on December 13, 2017, 56 days after QAP. More notably, NOIs were not filed by either permittee in April 2017 when ADOT approved the use of the treatment chemicals to be used on the site.
  - a) Permit part <u>2.7.1.5</u> states "A permittee must file an NOI modification form to DEC (see Part 2.3) to update or correct the following information on the original NOI within 30 calendar days of the change:... Change in decision to use or not use treatment chemicals..."
  - b) Regulatory Citation: 18 AAC 83.405(b) Duty to comply; 18 AAC 83.405(k) Monitoring and records
  - c) Reference Document: Photo 10
- 2) The NOI modifications were not posted on the entrance boards to the site.
  - a) Permit part <u>5.10.2.1</u> states "...The sign or other notice must contain the following information: A copy of the completed NOI (and NOI modification) as submitted to DEC;.."
  - b) Regulatory Citation: 18 AAC 83.405(b) Duty to comply; 18 AAC 83.405(k) Monitoring and records
  - c) Reference Document: Photo 28
- 3) The SWPPP amendment log does not show that the SWPPP was updated to include required items for the use of treatment chemicals on the project site. Therefore, the required treatment chemical documentation was not included in the SWPPP.
  - a) Permit part <u>4.6.2.3</u> states "Document the following in the SWPPP: Specific chemicals and chemical treatment systems used; Names and titles of person(s) who handle and apply treatment chemicals; Title of training conducted, date, instructor name, and attendees. A permittee must train employees who handle treatment chemicals to comply with the information required by Part 4.6.1..."
  - b) Regulatory Citation: 18 AAC 83.405(b) Duty to comply; 18 AAC 83.405(k) Monitoring and records
  - c) Reference Document: Photo 04
- 4) EarthGuard was not documented as a stabilization measure on the grading and stabilization log, however, DEC was told during the inspection that it was applied as a temporary stabilization measure on the site for winter shutdown.

- a) Permit part <u>5.8.2.1.5</u> states "Summaries of the following information, or copies of the reports, must be maintained with the SWPPP by the permittee following authorization under this permit: Grading and Stabilization Activities Log... Description of Stabilization Measure".
- b) Regulatory Citation: 18 AAC 83.405(b) Duty to comply; 18 AAC 83.405(k) Monitoring and records
- c) Reference Document: Photo 06
- 5) During the inspection, treatment chemicals (EarthGuard) and mulch were observed sprayed on a gravel bar of North Fork Little Campbell Creek. Since the gravel bar is within the stream channel and below the ordinary high water mark (OHWM), treatment chemicals were therefore observed sprayed into waters of the United States (U.S.).
  - a) Permit part <u>4.6.3.2.3</u> states "Treatment chemicals shall not be applied directly to a waters of the U.S.".
  - b) Regulatory Citation: 18 AAC 83.405(b) Duty to comply; 18 AAC 83.405(e) Duty to mitigate
  - c) Reference Document: Photo 25
- 6) Down-slope sediment controls were not observed adjacent to waterways. EarthGuard was observed sprayed on streambank slopes immediately adjacent to waterways without the use of any physical control measures.
  - a) Permit part 4.3.3 states "A permittee must establish and use down-slope sediment controls...for any portion of the down-slope and side-slope perimeter where storm water will be discharged from disturbed areas of the site.", permit part 4.6.2.2 states "Prior to and after use, install appropriate physical control measures...to ensure effectiveness of the treatment chemical;", permit part 4.6.3 states "The application of treatment chemicals shall be in combination with appropriate physical control measures...to ensure effectiveness of the treatment chemical. The use of treatment chemicals is not considered a substitute for appropriate physical control measures and does not preclude any other requirement of this permit." and permit part 4.6.3.2.4 states "...Application through the use of manufactured products...shall be used in combination with adequate ditch check dams, settling basins, or other physical control measures designed to settle out chemically treated soils and minimize the presence of treatment chemicals before discharges reach waters of the U.S...."
  - b) Regulatory Citation: 18 AAC 83.405(b) Duty to comply; 18 AAC 83.405(e) Duty to mitigate
  - c) Reference Documents: Photos 12, 16, 23-25
- 7) Employee training logs for ADOT and QAP in the SWPPP did not include treatment chemical training documentation.
  - a) Permit part <u>4.6.1.7</u> states "All person(s) who handle and apply treatment chemicals at the construction site must receive training in the proper handling and application of treatment chemicals. The names and titles of persons who receive training and the date(s) training occurred must be documented in the SWPPP in accordance with Part 5.8.2.7." and permit part <u>4.6.2.3.3-4</u> states "Document the following in the SWPPP:... Title of training conducted, date, instructor name, and attendees. A permittee must train employees who handle treatment chemicals to comply with the information required by Part 4.6.1."
  - b) Regulatory Citation: 18 AAC 83.405(b) Duty to comply; 18 AAC 83.405(k) Monitoring and records

#### **Areas of Concern**

A few SWPPP modifications were made after DEC contacted the permittees for an announced compliance inspection. While DEC acknowledges that the documentation was brought back into compliance prior to the inspection, DEC is concerned the announced inspection initiated the updates and the permittees would have been out of compliance had an inspection not occurred.

While DEC recognizes that the project site is currently inactive and in winter shutdown, silt fence was observed requiring maintenance on a few areas of the site (photos 15 and 21). These areas should be addressed prior to spring breakup so they function as intended.

#### Section 5: Appendixes

#### 1. Photo Addendum

#### Signature

Inspector – Catherine Beatty Credential Number: R-0308 Phone: (907) 269-7560

E-mail: catherine.beatty@alaska.gov

**Reviewed By** – Paul Winter Credential Number: R-0152

Phone: (907)269-8117

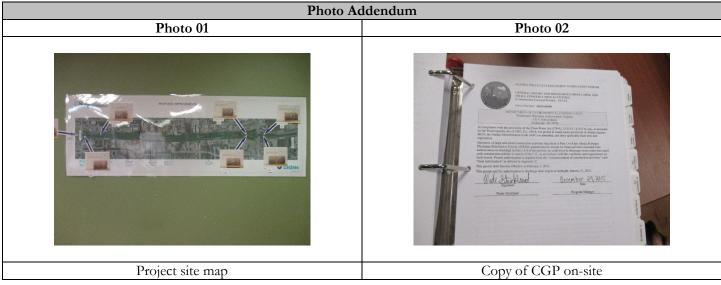
E-mail: paul.winter@alaska.gov

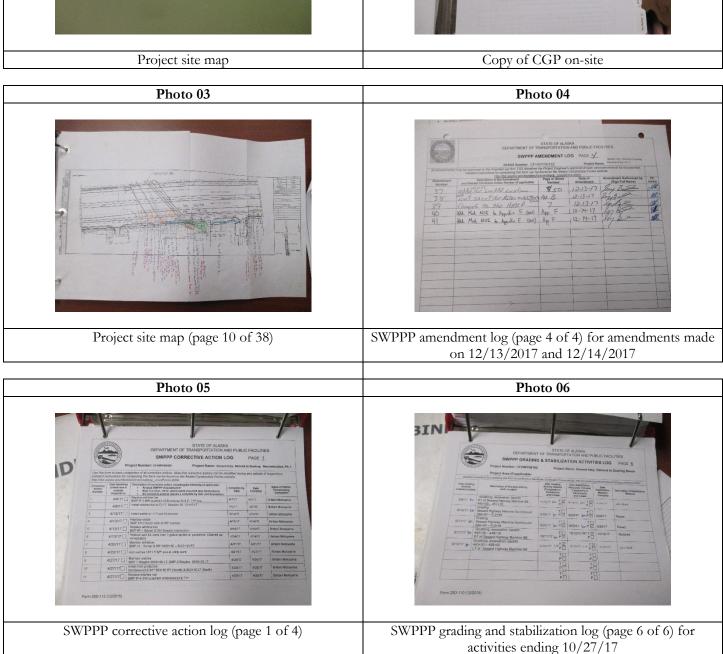
Date: 1/22/2018

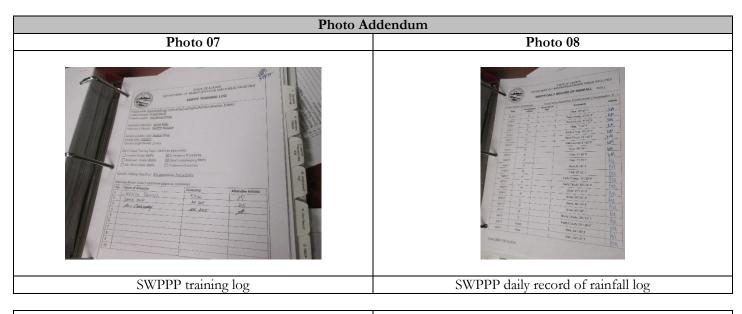
Cith E.C. Best

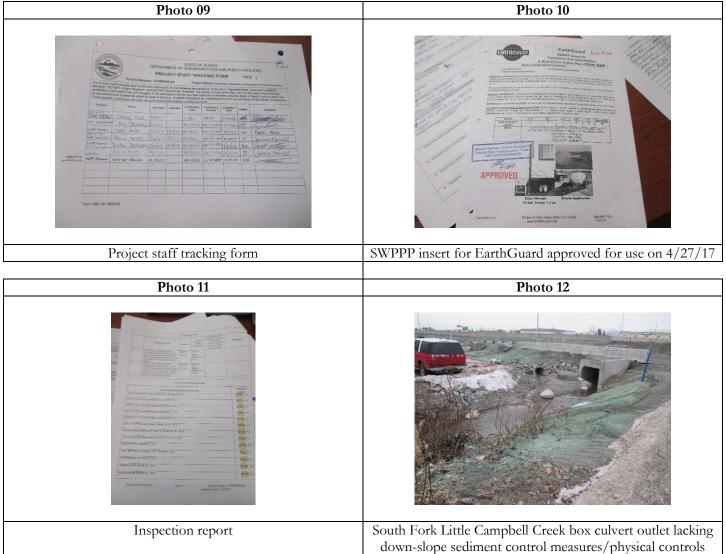
Paul Vinter

Date: 1/23/2018







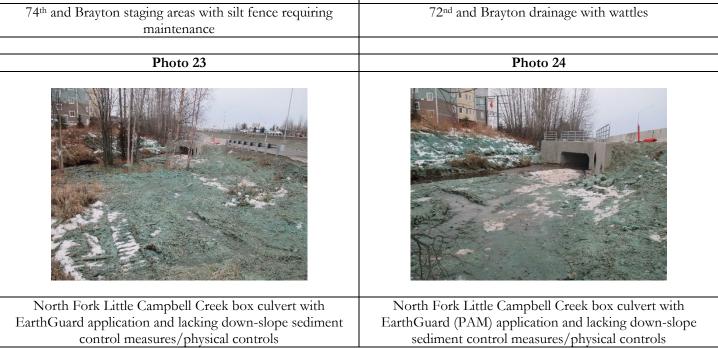


# Photo 13 Photo 14 Photo 14 EarthGuard (PAM) and mulch stabilization OGS at 80th and Homer Drive

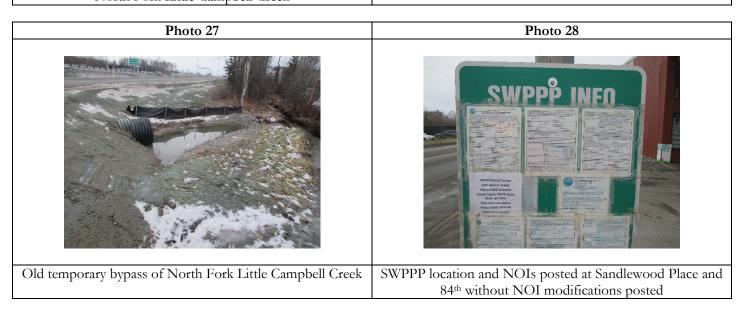


Photo Addendum				
Photo 19	Photo 20			
Material storage area	Lore Road and Brayton Road drainage			





# Photo 25 Photo 26 EarthGuard (PAM) sprayed on gravel bar near inlet of North Fork Little Campbell Creek North Fork Little Campbell Creek





# Department of Transportation and Public Facilities

CENTRAL REGION
Construction Section

4111 Aviation Avenue P.O. Box 196900 Anchorage, Alaska 99519-6900 Main: (907) 269-0450 Fax: (907) 243-5092 dot.alaska.gov

June 22, 2018

Re: Seward Highway: Dimond Boulevard to Dowling Road Reconstruction, Phase I, 0A31(057)/CFHWY00162 CGP Authorization Number AKR10FN16 & AKR10FN17 Response to ADEC Notice of Violation dated January 24, 2018 Complaint No. 2018-R0034

Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Water Compliance Program 555 Cordova Street Anchorage, AK 99501

Attn: Willow Weimar, Enforcement Officer

This letter is in response to the Notice of Violation dated January 24, 2018 based on the site inspection conducted on December 14, 2017 for ADOT/PF Central Region Construction Section and QAP.

Based on the clarification letter sent to ADEC on March 15<sup>th</sup>, 2018 and the response email sent by DEC on April 9<sup>th</sup>, 2018, below is the project team's response:

1.) The Directive authorizing EarthGuard Liquid Soil Stabilizer, to be added to AstroMulch, was based on the manufacturers recommended use. ADOT and QAP's staff did not submit NOI Modifications indicating a treatment chemical was used on site, because it was not used by itself. At the time of the Directive, the project staff's understanding was that applying a blended product did not constitute use of a treatment chemical.

During an internal SWPPP documentation review, project staff was informed of an ongoing deliberation within the ADOT on this product, and whether its use in this manner met the criteria for a treatment chemical triggering a NOI Modification. QAP was recommended to submit a NOI Modification, and the ADOT would submit a NOI Modification after QAP provided their approved document. A miscommunication between co-permittees resulted in the ADOT only becoming aware of the deficiency on 12/13/2017, and immediately filed for a NOI Modification.

To ensure prompt submission of permit coverage documentation and required modifications, the Central Region ADOT has delegated this responsibility to the Regional Assistant Erosion and Sediment Control Advisor. The Regional Assistant Erosion and Sediment Control Advisor will

submit to ADEC the initial NOI application, NOI modifications, and NOT submissions for the ADOT. The Regional Assistant Erosion and Sediment Control Advisor will monitor the process for obtaining and maintaining permit coverage documentation for both co-permittees on all Central Region projects.

Similarly, QAP has delegated permit coverage and modification responsibilities to its Health Safety & Environmental (HSE) officer. The HSE officer will review all NOI, NOI modifications, and NOT submissions prior to online filing to ensure accuracy and timeliness.

- 2.) ADOT and QAP NOI modifications on SWPPP entrance boards were posted on 12/16/2017. The required photographs of the entrance signage containing the NOI Modifications can be found in Attachment A. All documents have been placed in a pocket located on the SWPPP Entrance Boards, as required per 2016 ACGP Part 5.10.2.
- 3.) The SWPPP was not updated to include the use of treatment chemicals, because the permittees were operating with the understanding a treatment chemical used as a tackifying agent in a hydro-mulch should be noted in the BMP description for a Hydraulic Erosion Control Product (HECP). Since EarthGuard Liquid Soil Stabilizer was not used as a stand-alone product for erosion control, the collective understanding was that the requirements in the 2016 ACGP Part 4.6 did not apply. Clarification from the ADEC about the documentation requirements for treatment chemicals added to an HECP as a tackifier was provided on April 09, 2018.

The SWPPP was amended on March 9, 2018 to include the permit requirements listed in Part 4.6. Refer to Attachment B for documentation added to the SWPPP. ADOT is currently developing a guide for Central Region Construction staff and contractors for treatment chemical(s) that may be used for erosion and sediment control.

The packet will be available at the project office when published.

ADOT and QAP will continue to update the SWPPP weekly after the site inspection.

4.) BMP 51.00 in Appendix B of the SWPPP is described as a Hydraulic Erosion Control Product (HECP, Attachment C) and has other acceptable name variations. The co-permittees were using the term "mulch" as a collective descriptor for all HECPs. A project-level directive was issued to direct the contractor to use EarthGuard Liquid Soil Stabilizer and mulch, because of this, the assumption was made that "BMP 51.00" would be an accurate representation which the project referred to as "mulch".

The SWPPP, Grading and Stabilization Logs, and site maps have been updated to distinguish where AstroMulch + EarthGuard Liquid Soil Stabilizer (BMP 51.00 A), AstroMulch (BMP 51.00 B), and pre-mixed EarthGuard (BMP 51.00 C) were used, refer to Attachment D.

5.) Records indicate the pre-mixed product EarthGuard Fiber Matrix (BMP 51.00 C) was used to temporarily stabilize for the winter. EarthGuard Liquid Soil Stabilizer was not mixed in the field, or used near the creeks during the winter stabilization procedure. EarthGuard Fiber Matrix was used for temporary stabilization on the construction at the North and South Fork Little Campbell Creek inlets and outlets. During the December 14, 2018 compliance inspection, the report documented a recollection by the Project Engineer who made a mistake in remembering which product was used in the specified locations.

ADOT will address the training needs for designers and engineers, as well as contractors, when treatment chemicals could potentially be used. ADOT and QAP will continue to provide training at the annual Spring Training, CESCL training, and other Environmental Trainings.

- 6.) Compost socks have been installed for water body protection and down-slope sediment controls. Corrective actions in the field at the requested locations can be seen in Attachment E (Date stamp on pictures does not reflect date of installation. All compost socks for both North and South Fork inlets were installed on 4/19/2018. All compost socks for both North and South Fork outlets were installed on 4/20/2018.).
- 7.) The SWPPP has been updated to include SDS information for the various hydro-mulch products, the training log (Attachment F) has been updated to include the proper training.

In the future, additional training will be provided to the designers and engineers as well as contractors for use of treatment chemicals during ADOT Spring Trainings, CESCL trainings, and other Environmental Trainings.

The inspection and comments were productive tools for highlighting areas of improvement found on the project by the ADEC. The Department and QAP will pass on the findings of the ADEC report to make sure other projects stay in compliance with ACGP requirements.

The response to Complaint No. 2018-R0034 is considered to be answered in full. If additional information is required, please contact Chong M. Kim at 770-2612 or chong.kim@alaska.gov.

Thank you,

Chong M. Kim, P.E.

Project Engineer

AKDOT/PF Construction

Ray Butcher Superintendent

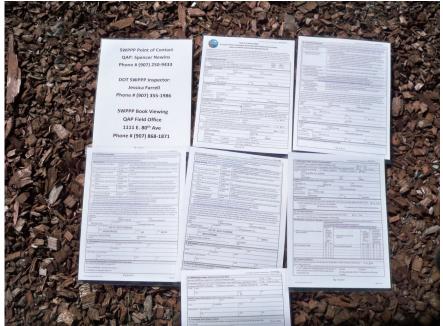
QAP

#### **ATTACHMENTS:**

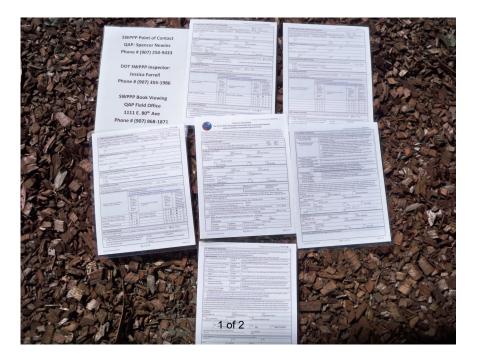
- Attachment A: Pictures of SWPPP Entrance Boards with NOI Modifications
- Attachment B: SWPPP Amendment for Part 4.6, Amended Section 11.13, SWPPP Amendment Log, PAM-Mulch Mix
- Attachment C: BMP 51.00 detail (HECP)
- Attachment D: Map & Grading log differentiating where AstroMulch / EarthGuard was used
- Attachment E: Pictures of compost socks as down-slop sediment controls
- Attachment F: MSDS Information for AstroMulch and EarthGuard, SWPPP PAM Tailgate Training, Training Log

Attachment A Seward Hwy: D2D DEC Complaint: 2018-R0034





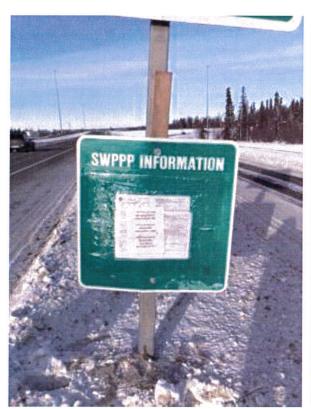
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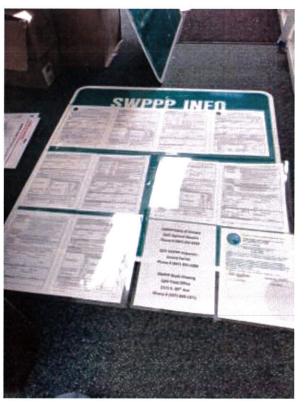
#### Attachment A

Installed: 12/16/2017









Attachment B Seward Hwy: D2D **DEC Complaint:** 2018-R0034



## EarthGuard Soil Stabilizer Certificate of Compliance to Alaska's Construction General Permit

- 1) (4.6.1.1) EarthGuard soil stabilizer is effective and can be used on all soil types.
- 2) (4.6.1.2) EarthGuard Safety Data Sheet included below
- 3) (4.6.1.3) All components in EarthGuard are NSF certified and G.R.A.S affirmed
- 4) (4.6.1.4) EarthGuard is approved for use for controlling erosion and sediment runoff from agricultural land and/or construction projects in CA, MM, OR, WA, WI (and many more states).
- 5) (4.6.1.5) EarthGuard is non-toxic to aquatic organisms when applied following manufacturers recommended method of use and rate applications:
  - US EPA 96 hr Acute Toxicity Test: Rainbow Trout Non-Toxic
  - US EPA 96 hr Acute Toxicity Test: Pimephales, Promelas and Ceriodaphnia Dubia Non-Toxic
  - California Title 22 Acute Bioassay Test Fat Head Minnow Non-Toxic
  - EPA SW 846 Method 6010b Metal and Solvents Non-toxic
- 6) (4.6.1.6) EarthGuard in an anionic polyacrylamide
- 7) (4.6.1.7, 4.6.2.3.3) Use and applying of EarthGuard requires no special training. See attached application chart.



## EarthGuard: Eco-Guardian and Eco-Friendly

**EarthGuard®** is a spray-on erosion control/re-vegetation product designed to work on the atomic level with soil to maintain its stability by both preserving its structure and conjoining individual aggregates along the surface. **EarthGuard** prevents the damaging effects of erosion from impacting watersheds downstream while being non-toxic and eco-friendly to the environment.

Various studies on the efficacy and eco-friendlessness have been conducted on *EarthGuard*. These studies include:

Study	Results
Texas DOT Erosion Control Testing	99.8% Effective after 5.25" of rain in 90 min. C Factor = 0.002
AASHTO Large Scale Erosion Control Testing	99.9% Effective after 20 min 2" rain event followed by 20 min of a 4" rain event and then by 20 min of a 6" rain event.  C Factor = .001
California DOT Erosion Control Testing	99.5% Effective after 4" of rain in 200 min. C Factor = 0.005
Germination Enhancement: ASTM D 7322	657% in growth over bare soil plot.
California DOT Environmental Field Study	No product related export found in effluent.
California DOT Water Quality Handbook	EarthGuard does not discharge pollutants and water quality sampling and analysis is <i>not</i> required.
Water Holding Capacity: ASTM D 7367	1349
US EPA 2012 Construction General Permit  US EPA 96-hr Acute Toxicity Test: Rainbow	The use of PAM (EarthGuard) has shown minimal toxicity even at 10 times the normal erosion control concentration, 10 ppm or 100 ppm. EarthGuard at its heaviest application rate is 1 ppm  Non-toxic
Trout	
US EPA 96-hr Acute Toxicity Test: Pimephales Promelas and Ceriodaphnia Dubia	Non-toxic
California Title 22 Acute Bioassay Test: Fathead Minnow	Non-toxic
EPA SW 846 Method 6010b Metals and Solvents	Non-toxic
NSF Drinking Water Standards	All components of EarthGuard meet the National Sanitation Foundation Standards for use in drinking water clarification.
Cure Time	Active Immediately
Biodegradability	100% Biodegradable
USDA Application Recommendations	The use of PAM (EarthGuard) should be limited to 200 lb/ac/yr. EarthGuard at its heaviest application rate is equates to 25 lb/ac/yr.



Revision Date: 10/3/2012

#### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY

PRODUCT NAME:

**EarthGuard** 

COMPANY:

Terra Novo, Inc., 2930 Patton Way BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308, USA

**TELEPHONE:** 661.587.5716

**EMERGENCY PHONE:** 

CHEMTREC 800.424.9300

PRODUCT USE:

Processing aid for industrial application

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance and Odor:

Form: Viscous liquid

Color: Milky

Odor: Aliphatic

Potential Health Effects:

Eye: May cause eye irritation with susceptible persons.

Skin: Slightly irritating.

Potential Physical/Chemical Effects: Spills produce extremely slippery surfaces.

#### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Identification: Anionic water-soluble polymer in emulsion.

Regulated Components: None.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Inhalation:** Move to fresh air immediately. No hazards which require special first aid measures. **Skin contact:** Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.



Revision Date: 10/3/2012

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

#### **5.** FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water. Water spray. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry powder.

Precautions: Spills produce extremely slippery surfaces.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: No special protective equipment required.

Flash point (°C): Does not flash.

Autoignition temperature (°C): Does not ignite.

Flash point: Not applicable.

Autoignition temperature (°C): Not applicable.

#### **6.** ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions :** No special precautions required. Wear adequate personal protective equipment (see Section 8 Exposure Controls/Personal Protection). Keep people away from spill/leak.

Environmental precautions: As with all chemical products, do not flush into surface water.

**Methods for cleaning up:** Do not flush with water. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. If liquid has been spilled in large quantities, clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Keep is suitable and closed containers for disposal. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Safe handling advice: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When preparing the working solutions ensure there is adequate ventilation. When using do not smoke.

#### Storage

Keep in a cool, dry place (0 - 30 °C). Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Freezing will affect the physical condition and may damage the material.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering measures



Revision Date: 10/3/2012

Use local exhaust if misting occurs. Natural ventilation is adequate in absence of mists.

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Not required; except in case of aerosol formation

Hand protection: PVC or other plastic material gloves

Eve protection: Safety glasses with side-shields. Do not wear contact lenses where this product is

used.

**Skin and body protection :** Chemical resistant apron or protective suit if splashing or repeated contact with solution is likely.

#### Hygiene measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form: Viscous liquid

Color: Milky

Odor: Aliphatic

pH: 6 - 8 @ 5 g/l

Specific Gravity: 1.05

Melting point/range: Not applicable

Flash point: Not applicable

Autoignition temperature (°C): Not applicable

Vapor pressure (mm Hg): 0,002 @ 20°C

Bulk viscosity (cps): 1200

Kinematic viscosity @ 40°C (mm<sup>2</sup>/s): >>20.5

#### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Stability: Hazardous polymerization does not occur. Stable.



Revision Date: 10/3/2012

Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents may cause exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal decomposition may produce. Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

Carbon oxides (COx).

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50/oral/rat > 5000 mg/kg.

Dermal: LD50/dermal/rat > 5000 mg/kg.

**Inhalation**: The product is not expected to be toxic by inhalation.

**Irritation** 

Skin: Slightly irritating

Eyes: May cause eye irritation with susceptible persons

Sensitization:

Not sensitizing.

Chronic toxicity:

No Chronic effects

#### **12.** ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50/Danio rerio (Zebra fish)/96 hours > 100 mg/L (OECD 203)./96 hours > 100 mg/l, (OECD 203).

Toxicity to daphnia: EC50/Daphnia magna (Water flea)/48 hours > 100 mg/L (OECD 202).

Toxicity to algae: EC50/Scenedesmus subspicatus (Green algae)/72 hours > 100 mg/L (OECD

201).

Persistence and degradability: Not readily biodegradable.

Hydrolysis: Does not hydrolyze.



Revision Date: 10/3/2012

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal**: Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

**Container :** Rinse empty containers with water and use the rinse water to prepare the working solution. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local, state and federal regulations.

#### **14.** TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

**Remarks**: Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of DOT regulations.

IMDG/IMO

Remarks: Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of IMO/IMDG regulations.

ICAO/IATA

Remarks: Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of ICAO/IATA regulations

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**US SARA Reporting Requirements:** 

SARA (Section 311/312) hazard class: Not concerned.

<u>International Inventories</u> USA (TSCA): All components of this product are either listed on the inventory or are exempt from listing.

Canada (DSL): All components of this product are either listed on the inventory or are exempt from listing.



Revision Date: 10/3/2012

# **16.** OTHER INFORMATION NFPA and HMIS Ratings:



NFPA:

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0

HMIS:

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 MSDS was prepared in accordance with the following:

ISO 11014-1: Material Safety Data Sheet for Chemical Products ANSI Z400.1-2004; Material Safety Data Sheets - Preparation

Contact: 661.587.5716

The data in this Material Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process. This information is based upon technical information believed to be reliable. It is subject to revision as additional knowledge and experience is gained.

Seward Highway: Dimond Blvd. to Dowling Rd. Reconstruction, Ph. 1 Project No. 0A31(057)/CFHWY00162



BMP Manual: No manual was used to select or design the BMP.

Installation Schedule: Install according to the project specifications.

Maintenance and Inspection: Inspect according to the frequency discussed in Section 12.1. Inspect to make sure the concrete is installed according to the project plans and specifications.

Responsible Staff: Superintendent or SWPPP Manager/Storm Water Lead for QAP

#### Seeding

**BMP Description**: Seeding involves preparing the ground, either broadcast seeding or hydroseeding, applying mulch and watering to get vegetation established. Vegetative cover is the stabilization method and the areas are not considered stabilized until vegetation has been established with a density of 70 percent, which means you shouldn't see any bare spots.

BMP Manual: DOT Alaska SWPPP Guide BMP 52.00 and 53.00, October 2016.

Installation Schedule: Seed immediately after work is finished.

**Maintenance and Inspection**: Inspect according to the frequency discussed in Section 12.1. Inspect to make sure the area is not eroding, make sure the right seed mix is used, make sure the soil is staying moist during germination and make sure people and vehicles are not travelling over the area. Reseed areas of insufficient growth.

Responsible Staff: Superintendent or SWPPP Manager/Storm Water Lead for QAP

#### Low Erodible Material

**BMP Description**: Low erodible material is porous backfill that resists erosion, drains well and has little fines that can be washed away.

BMP Manual: No manual was used to select or design the BMP.

**Installation Schedule**: Install once the ground has been prepared according to the project plans and specifications.

**Maintenance and Inspection**: Inspect according to the frequency discussed in Section 12.1. Inspect to make sure the material is placed according to the project plans and specifications.

Responsible Staff: Superintendent or SWPPP Manager/Storm Water Lead for QAP.

#### 11.13 Treatment Chemicals

Amend #58 6/12/18

Will treatment chemicals be used to control erosion and/or sediment during construction?

### Yes -<del>X No</del>

#### 11.14 Active Treatment System Information

An active treatment system will not be used on this project.

- Polyacrylamide (PAM) to be used in conjunction with a tackifier and called "BMP 51.00A" to stabilize slopes.
- PAM will be stored in the manufacturer's container and in an on-site container.
- DOT developed training for PAM products on-site will be completed as available.



3/8/17



## STATE OF ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC FACILITIES

#### **SWPPP AMENDMENT LOG** PAGE 5

AKSAS Number: CFHWY00162

Project Name: Seward Hwy: Dimond to Dowling Reconstruction,

Ph. 1

All amendments must be approved by the Engineer per 641.3.03, therefore the Project Engineer's approval of each amendment must be documented.

Detailed instructions for completing this form can be found on the Alaska Construction Forms website:

http://dot.alaska.gov/stwddes/dcsconst/pop\_constforms.shtml

Description of the Amendment Page or Sheet Amendment Date of Amendment Authorized by PE and Related Corrective Action Number (if applicable) Number Number Initials Amendment (Sign Full Name) App. K (5/1/18 53 BMP 173, 174, and 175 - Admin Change (5/1/18 Inspection) Inspection) 5/15/18 App. K (5/1/18 54 BMP 223 and 224 - Admin Change (5/1/18 Inspection) Inspection) 5/15/18 Add Benjamin Turner AK-CESCL Certification 55 5/19/18 App. E Add Benjamin Turner as SWPPP Manager 2.0 - pg. 6 56 5/19/18 Fish and Game Letter for Campbell Creek 57 App. Q 5/29/18 Culvert Replacement, Water Diversion Approval Update treatment chemical section P.g. 35, 11.13 58 6/12/18 59 Add SWPPP Binder 2A for Inspection Reports App. K 6/12/18

Form 25D-114 (12/2015)



# STATE OF ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC FACILITIES

### SWPPP AMENDMENT LOG PAGE 4

AKSAS Number: CFHWY00162 Project Name:

Seward Hwy: Dimond to Dowling Reconstruction, Ph. 1

All amendments must be approved by the Engineer per 641.3.03, therefore the Project Engineer's approval of each amendment must be documented.

Detailed instructions for completing this form can be found on the Alaska Construction Forms website:

<a href="http://dot.alaska.gov/stwddes/dcsconst/pop">http://dot.alaska.gov/stwddes/dcsconst/pop</a> constforms.shtml</a>

Assessment	nttp://dot.alaska.gov/stwddes/dcsconst/pop_consttorms.shtml				
Amendment Number	Description of the Amendment and Related Corrective Action Number (if applicable)	Page or Sheet Number	Date of Amendment	Amendment Authorized by (Sign Full Name)	PE
37	add for SwAPA Location	\$50	12-13-17	Lay Both	MA
38	and sheet for Aster much seart	AM B	12-13-17	Zay 5 - 5	Att
39	Carges to the HMCP gun	7	12-13-17	Tayse	MA
40	Add Mod NOIS to Appendix F (GAP)	App. F	12-14-17	las BS	U
41	Add Mod NOI to Appendix F (DOT)	App F	12-14-17	lay se	MALL
42	Add EarthGuard MSDS and application rate sheet	App. B	3-9-18	1	1//
43	Add NOV from DEC	App. Q	3-9-18	15	WIL
44	Add compost sock BMP detail	App. B / Pg. 28A	3-9-18		VIII
45	Add EcoFibre Mulch BMP detail (BMP 51.00D)	Арр В	4-24-18	145	4/1
46	Update BMP Details Table of Contents	Арр В	4-24-18	145	CHAB
47	Add 2018 MOA Noise Permit	App D	4-24-18		CHO
48	Insert 2018 site maps (BMP & Stabilization maps)	Арр А	4-24-18	145	118
49	Insert Justin Wood CESCL Certification	Арр Е	5-2-18	145	UN
50	Insert additional 2018 BMP site maps	Арр А	5-2-18	15	(IK
	3				
	/				

Form 25D-114 (12/2015)

Seward Highway: Dimond Boulevard to Dowling Road Reconstruction, Phase 1 state of Alaska Item No. 0A31 (057)/CFHWY00 DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC FACILITIES Project No. 6 COMPUTATIONS Project Name DZD Recons Calc. By J. Farrel TESPC MULCH 641(2) FOR Checked By THIS APPLIES TO PRICE PER LOAD CA-LCULATION. **BMP 51.00** LABOR: (1) NOTZELMAN & (1) DRIVER = \$ 150/hr
COST DF TRUCK = \$150/hr TOTAL LYCLE TIME FOR 3,000 GAL = Zhrs MULCH # 30/50lb bag x 7 bags/load = \$210 for 350lb TEARthquand REAP. 3galfload at ~ \$160/gal = \$480 for 3gal \* Product sold in Sgal containers = \$800 Liquid Soil Stabilizer (PAM) WIRE 6-2018
TOTAL LOAD (1/2 ACRE) = (\$150/hr + \$150/hr) \*2hr + 210 + 480 = \$ 1290 COST PER ACRE = \$ 1290 × 2 = \$ 2580 ENGINEER ESTIMATE = \$ 2580 + \$ 25% = \$ 3225 OR OTHER MULCH MIXTURE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER AND FABRICATED PER THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATION, UNLESS NOTED BY THE ENGINEER \$3225 PER ACRE SAY \$ 1600 PER LOAD

12 of 12

Attachment C Seward Hwy: D2D DEC Complaint: 2018-R0034

Seward Highway: Dimond Blvd. to Dowling Rd. Reconstruction, Ph. 1 Project No. 0A31(057)/CFHWY00162 Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan

end of the next work day, following the day when the earth-disturbing activities have temporarily or permanently ceased. The requirement to immediately initiate stabilization is triggered as soon as you know with reasonable certainty that work will be stopped for 14 days or longer.

The deadline to <u>complete</u> temporary stabilization activities is as soon as practicable, but no later than 14 calendar days after the initiation of soil stabilization measures. The following are required to be completed:

- For vegetative stabilization, all activities necessary to initially seed or plant the area to be stabilized; and/or
- For non-vegetative stabilization, the installation or application of all such nonvegetative measures

The temporary stabilization measure that would be used at this project is a mulch.

#### **Hydraulic Erosion Control Products**

BMP Description: Hydraulic Erosion Control Products reduce soil erosion by the application of a uniform, protective layer of wood fiber, paper, recycled paper, tackifier, bonded fiber matrix (BFM) or other material to protect soil from rain and overland flow to foster the growth of vegetation, increase infiltration, reduce evaporation, insulate the soil, suppress weed growth, and hold fertilizer, water and seed. Hydraulic Erosion Control Products are further described in Appendix B.  $BMP \leq 1.00 \left(A_1B_1C_1D\right)$  from Alaska Mill & feed  $AMD \neq 38$  [2/13/17] AMD  $\neq 98$  [2/13/18] Installation Schedule: Apply during seeding or apply after grading is complete according to manufacturer's specifications.

**Maintenance and Inspection**: Inspect according to the frequency discussed in Section 12.1. Inspect to check for rill erosion, dislocation or failure. Grade again and re-apply if area erodes and flatten the slope if possible or add fiber rolls along the contours.

Responsible Staff: Superintendent or SWPPP Manager/Storm Water Lead for QAP.

#### Final Stabilization

Stabilization of disturbed areas must, at a minimum, be <u>initiated</u> <u>immediately</u> whenever any clearing, grading, excavating, or other earth disturbing activities have permanently ceased on any portion of the site.

Immediately means no later than the end of the next work day, following the day when the earth-disturbing activities have permanently ceased.

The deadline to <u>complete</u> final stabilization activities must be within seven (7) calendar days of initiating final stabilization. Complete or continue maintenance for the following on any portion of the site that has reached final grading and for areas where clearing, grading, excavating, or other earth disturbing activities have permanently ceased:

 All soil conditioning, seeding, watering, mulching, and any other required activities for the establishment of vegetative cover;

3/8/17

#### **BMP 51.00. Hydraulic Erosion Control Products (HECP)**

#### **DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS**

#### **Objectives**

Hydraulic Erosion Control Products (HECPs) are designed to reduce soil erosion and assist in the establishment and growth of vegetation. The HECP forms a protective layer that controls erosion and allows for enhanced seed germination and accelerated plant growth.

HECPs are often used in combination with seed and fertilizer for revegetation but can be used alone for temporary stabilization of bare soils.

#### Description

A HECP is a manufactured, temporary, degradable, pre-packaged fibrous material that is mixed with water and hydraulically applied as a slurry.

When applied, the HECP creates a continuous, porous, absorbent, moisture retaining, flexible blanket/mat/mulch/covering making intimate contact with, and adhering to, the sloped soil surface. The applied HECP permits water infiltration, resists erosion, and promotes rapid germination and accelerated plant growth.

The HECP will achieve maximum performance after a sufficient curing period, which will vary based upon the manufacturer's recommendations and site specific conditions.

Tackifiers are chemical compounds used in formulating adhesives to increase the stickiness of the surface. They are used to glue the fibrous HECP material to itself and the soil surface.

#### Other Names

Hydromulch, Bonded Fiber Matrix (BFM), Flexible Growth Medium (FGM), Fiber Reinforced Matrix (FRM), and many others. Some terms may be trademarked and describe a single product as opposed to a product category.

#### Applicability

HECPs vary in their functional performance longevity, strength to resist shear stress, and fiber types. Wood, straw, cotton, flax, and hemp fibers have all been used in the production of HECPs.

Many HECPs contain a tackifier to bind the fibers together and form a mat over the soil. Others do not.

HECPs without tackifiers are limited to flat or low slopes and infrequent or low amounts of rainfall. HECPs with tackifiers are more expensive, but have better performance in areas with moderate to steep slopes and frequent or moderate to heavy rainfall. They are applicable for any site where there is sufficient time for the tackifiers to cure. Some tackifiers will be able to cure in some precipitation, but none can cure during significant precipitation. Availability of water to mix with the product and site access constraints must be considered when specifying HECPs.

By themselves, HECPs are not applicable in areas with concentrated flow.

#### Selection Considerations

HECPs must be selected based on expected rainfall, prior performance, the length of time the product is needed to perform (i.e., the functional longevity), and the shear stress (a factor of the slope length and gradient) that the HECP will be exposed to. If site conditions require an expensive product because of harsh environmental conditions, then specify it or consider using a rolled product instead.

The Erosion Control Technology Council (ECTC) provides designers with selection information based on independent testing to supplement manufacturer's design standards

#### Design

The following table provides guidance on terms used in describing HECPs for typical applications:

Hydraulic Erosion Control Design					
Term	Functional Longevity	Typical Slope Application Gradient Rates (H:V)		Slope Length	
	months	lb/acre	< or =	feet	
Moderate	3	2000-3000	4:1	25	
Extended Moderate	6	2000-3500	3:1	50	
Long	12	2500-4000	2:1	75	
Extended Long	18	3000-4500	0.5:1	100	

This table is for general guidelines only and is adapted from the Erosion Control Technology Council. Refer to manufacturer for application rates, instructions, gradients, maximum continuous slope lengths and other site specific recommendations

When estimating quantities needed, account for the increased surface area created as a result of surface roughening and due to the slope length, rather than horizontal length, on sloped sites. Surface roughening alone may require 30 percent more surface area to which the HECP must be applied. This 30 percent increase should be added to the planned seeding quantity too.

If a diversion is required at the top of the slope to handle run-on, then include the diversion details in the plans.

#### Relationship to Other Erosion and Sediment Control Measures

HECPs are most commonly used in conjunction with seed and fertilizer mixes to vegetate bare soil areas. The HECP is mixed into an homogenous slurry to carry the seed and fertilizer mixture. The HECP must last long enough to provide erosion control while the seed germinates and the vegetation establishes. In order to provide effective erosion control, the HECP must cover all the roughened bare soils to prevent raindrop erosion and the HECP must stay in place to prevent seed creep or migration.

#### Common Failures or Misuses

• The most common problem with the use of HECPs is a lack of adequate coverage. Without 100 percent of the soil covered, or with a thinner than specified coverage, raindrop erosion can

- occur, leading to inadequate seed and fertilizer distribution, seed migration, and vegetation establishment failures. Without proper coverage of desired vegetation, weed species are likely to take root and crowd out the specified plants.
- Inadequate coverage may result from only applying the HECP from one direction.
- Areas to be seeded are frequently underestimated and actual disturbed areas are much larger than anticipated. Strict adherence to bid items based on under-estimated quantities may lead to inadequate coverage, erosion, and failed revegetation.
- Another leading cause of inadequate coverage is lack of accounting for the increased surface area created as a result of surface roughening, which can add 30 percent more surface area to the soils. Combined with take-off measurements on flat plan sheets for sloped sites, field crews often under-apply HECPs compared with the specified rate.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### **Standard Specifications**

• 651 and 751 Hydraulic Erosion Control Products

Attachment D Seward Hwy: D2D DEC Complaint: 2018-R0034

# -+STATE OF ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC FACILITIES

## SWPPP GRADING & STABILIZATION ACTIVITIES LOG PAGE 1

Project Number: CFHWY00162

Project Name: Seward Hwy: Dimond to Dowling Recon

### Project Area (if applicable:

Detailed instructions for completing this form can be found on the Alaska Construction Forms website: http://dot.alaska.gov/stwddes/dcsconst/pop\_constforms.shtml

Date Grading Activity Initiated/ Initials	Description of Grading Activity and Location	Date Grading Activity Ceased (Temporary or Permanent) and Initials	Date Stabilization Measures Initiated (Temporary or Permanent) and Initials	Date Stabilization Measure Complete	Description of Stabilization Measure
3/14/17 hm	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 819+50 - 826+51 SW	7 ☐ 4/3/17 Wm P ☒	4/3/17 WY T ⊠ 5/9/17 WY P ⊠	4/10/17 5/9/17	RAM Slopes mulched Paved BMP \$1.00A,B,C
3/16/17	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 10000+00 - 10006+55 TA-1	T ☐ 3/30/17 VM P ⊠	4/3/17	4/3/17 5/10/17	RAM Paved
3/16/17 /M	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 1101+60 - 1105+85 TA-2	T ☐ 3/30/17 M P ⊠	4/3/17 W∧T⊠ 5/9/17 W∧P⊠	4/10/17 5/9/17	RAM Paved
3/20/17	Excavation, backfill 9500+50 – 9505+50 TCP-SS-1	T ☐ 4/3/17 VMP⊠	4/3/17 VM T ⊠ 6/3/17 VM P ⊠	4/10/17 6/3/17	RAM Paved
3/23/17	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 69+50 – 71+45 TA-69	T ☐ 3/31/17 ₩ P ⊠	4/3/17 VM T⊠	4/3/17	RAM
3/24/17 VM	Excavation, backfill 754+72 – 752+00 75C	T ☐ 4/1/17 VIMP 🖾	4/3/17 Vi∧ T ⊠ 5/10/17 Vi∧ P ⊠	4/3/17 5/10/17	RAM Paved
4/3/17 YM	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 8096+95 – 8116+60 TCP-ML-SB-2 RT	T ☐ 5/19/17 \m P ⊠	5/20/17 V^ T ⊠	5/20/17	Mulched BMP 51.00 A, B
4/3/17	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 9005+00 – 9010+00 TCP-ML-NB-1 RT	T ☐ 5/2/17 m P 🗵	5/3/17 W^ T ⊠ P □	5/3/17	Mulched BMP51.00 A
4/3/17 VM	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 8102+00 – 8103+50 TCP-ML-SB-2 LT	7 ☐ 9/6/17 W/ P ⊠	9/7/17 VM T 🗵	9/7/17	Mulched BMPS1.00 C

BMP 51 A EARTHGUARD SOIL STABILIZATION (READ)

BMP SIB ASTRO MULCH

FORM 25D-110 (12/2015) BMP51 C EARTHGUARD ECO FLIENOLY

BMPSI & ECOFFBRE



# SWPPP GRADING & STABILIZATION ACTIVITIES LOG PAGE 2

Project Number: CFHWY00162

Project Name: Seward Hwy: Dimond to Dowling Recon

## Project Area (if applicable:

Detailed instructions for completing this form can be found on the Alaska Construction Forms website: http://dot.alaska.gov/stwddes/dcsconst/pop\_constforms.shtml

Date Grading Activity Initiated/ Initia	Description of Grading Activity	Date Grading Activity Ceased (Temporary or Permanent) and Initials	Date Stabilization Measures Initiated (Temporary or Permanent) and Initials	Date Stabilization Measure Complete	Description of Stabilization Measure
4/7/17	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 9029+00 – 9106+00 Brayton TCP-ML-NB-1 LT	T ☐ 4/28/17 VM P 🗵	4/29/17 V ↑ ▼ □	4/29/17	Mulched BMP 51.00
4/7/17	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 6113+70 – 6114+40 Homer & 80 <sup>th</sup> LT	5/19/17 VM P⊠	5/20/17 W T 🛭 P 🗌	5/20/17	Mulched BMP 51.00 A
4/12/17	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 6402+30 − 6403+20 Homer LT	5/19/17 VMP⊠	5/20/17 ₩ T ⊠ P □	5/22/17	Mulched BMP 51.00 A, B
4/13/17	Grubbing 81+70 – 82+40 76 <sup>th</sup> X-SS LT	5/19/17   T □	5/20/17 <sup>⅓</sup> ₩ T ⊠ P □	5/20/17	Mulched BMP 51.00 A.B
4/13/17	Grubbing 10003+50 – 10006+50 Homer & 76 <sup>th</sup> TA-1 LT	T ☐ 4/28/17 M P ⊠	4/29/17 VM T⊠ P□	4/29/17	Mulched BMP 51. 00 A
4/15/17	Milling, grading 9008+00 – 9103+00 Brayton Mainline	6/5/17 ¥m P⊠	6/6/17	6/7/17	Paved
4/16/17	Milling, grading 8001+50 – 8112+00 Homer Mainline	T ☐ 5/18/17 WM P ⊠	T ☐ 5/18/17 ¼⋈ P ⊠	5/20/17	Paved
4/19/17	Grubbing 5418+25 – 5419+80 Brayton RT BD-2	9/6/17 /√ P⊠	9/7/17 ¥₩ T⊠ P□	9/7/17	Mulched 3MP51.00 C

Form 25D-110 (12/2015)



# SWPPP GRADING & STABILIZATION ACTIVITIES LOG PAGE 3

Project Number: CFHWY00162

Project Name: Seward Hwy: Dimond to Dowling Recon

### Project Area (if applicable:

Detailed instructions for completing this form can be found on the Alaska Construction Forms website: http://dot.alaska.gov/stwddes/dcsconst/pop\_constforms.shtml

Date Grading Activity Initiated/ Initials	Description of Grading Activity and Location	Date Grading Activity Ceased (Temporary or Permanent) and Initials	Date Stabilization Measures Initiated (Temporary or Permanent) and Initials	Date Stabilization Measure Complete	Description of Stabilization Measure
4/26/17	Excavation, backfill 9010+40 - 9012+00 TCP-ML-NB-1 RT	8/2/17 Van P⊠	T ☐ 8/3/17	8/3/17	BMP 51.00 C Mulched & Seeded
4/27/17 Im	Grading 9002+90 – 9005+00 TCP-ML-NB-1 RT	5/2/17 ⊮ <sub>M</sub> P⊠	5/3/17 ₩ T⊠ P□	5/3/17	Mulched BMP 51:00 AB, C
4/27/17 M	Grading 9006+75 – 9008+00 TCP-ML-NB-1 LT	5/3/17 km P ⊠	5/3/17 VM T⊠ P□	5/3/17	Mulched BMPSI A
4/27/17 bm	Excavation, backfill 9008+00 - 9015+25 TCP-ML-NB-1 LT	T ☐ 5/2/17 VM P ☒	5/3/17 № T⊠ P□	5/3/17	Mulched BMPS1.00 A
4/28/17 YM	Excavation, backfill 1101+60 – 1105+85 TA-2 LT	T ☐ 5/1/17 im P ☒	5/1/17 ≯∧ T ⊠ P □	5/1/17	Mulched BMP 51.00 A
4/28/17 Jan	Excavation, backfill 8091+75 - 8099+75 TCP-ML-SB-2 RT	T ☐ 5/1/17 Van P ⊠	5/1/17 b ↑ T ⊠ P □	5/1/17	Mulched BMPS1.00 A1
4/29/17	Excavation, backfill 9025+10 - 9030+50 TCP-ML-NB-1 RT	T ☐ 5/2/17 VAN P ⊠	5/3/17 In T ⊠	5/3/17	Mulched BMP 51.00 A
4/27/17	Excavation, backfill 9100+10 – 9104+20 Brayton LT	T ☐ 5/1/17 V P ⊠	5/2/17	5/2/17	Mulched BMP 51.00 A
4/27/17 WA	Excavation, backfill 9104+50 -9106+00 Brayton RT	T ☐ 4/28/17 Vm P ☒	4/29/17 VM T⊠ P□	4/29/17	Mulched BMP 51.00 A,8



## SWPPP GRADING & STABILIZATION ACTIVITIES LOG PAGE 4

Project Number: CFHWY00162

Project Name: Seward Hwy: Dimond to Dowling Recon

## Project Area (if applicable:

Detailed instructions for completing this form can be found on the Alaska Construction Forms website: http://dot.alaska.gov/stwddes/dcsconst/pop\_constforms.shtml

Date Grading Activity Initiated/ Initials	Description of Grading Activity and Location	Date Grading Activity Ceased (Temporary or Permanent) and Initials	Date Stabilization Measures Initiated (Temporary or Permanent) and Initials	Date Stabilization Measure Complete	Description of Stabilization Measure
4/28/17 VM	Grading 740+50 – 743+80 74-E LT	T ☐ 5/2/17 VM P ⊠	5/2/17 ₩ T⊠ P□	5/2/17	Mulched P51.00 A
5/5/17 Jm	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 819+50 - 826+51 RT & LT of Mainline SW	5/8/17 ↓ <sub>M</sub> P⊠	5/9/17 VM T⊠ P□	5/9/17	Mulched BMPSI 00 A, 8
5/8/17	Milling, grading 808+90 - 819+50 SW	5/9/17 VM P⊠	T ☐ 5/9/17 <sub>MM</sub> P ⊠	5/9/17	Paved
5/10/17 \m	Excavation, backfill 10003+50 – 10006+50 Homer & 76 <sup>th</sup> TA-1 LT	T ☐ 5/19/17 ⅓M P ⊠	5/20/17 M T P	5/20/17	Mulched BMP 51.00 A
5/5/17 VM	Excavation, backfill 9015+25 - 9021+90 TCP-ML-NB-1 LT	5/8/17 VM P⊠	5/9/17 VM T⊠ P□	5/9/17	Mulched Sloo A
5/18/17 VM	Excavation, backfill 8112+00 – 8116+55 TCP-ML-SB-2	T ☐ 5/19/17 km P ⊠	T ☐ 5/20/17 ₩ P ☒	5/20/17	Paved
5/18/17 VM	Excavation, backfill 8000+00 - 8008+20 TCP-ML-SB-1	T ☐ 5/19/17 / <sub>W</sub> P ⊠	T ☐ 5/20/17 ₩ P ⊠	5/20/17	Paved
5/22/17 VM	Milling, excavation, backfill 399+00 – 443+30 Seward Highway Mainline Southbound	9/10/17 VM P 🗵	9/10/17 Vm P 🗵	9/11/17	Paved from 413+64 -446+80 399+00 – 413+64 Restarted 9/10/17
5/24/17 VM	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 399+00 – 443+30 RT of Seward Highway Mainline Southbound	T ☐ 10/9/17 ym P ⊠	10/10/17 № T⊠ P□	10/11/17	Mulched BMP51.00 C

Form 25D-110 (12/2015)



## SWPPP GRADING & STABILIZATION ACTIVITIES LOG PAGE 5

Project Number: CFHWY00162

Project Name: Seward Hwy: Dimond to Dowling Recon

### Project Area (if applicable:

Detailed instructions for completing this form can be found on the Alaska Construction Forms website: http://dot.alaska.gov/stwddes/dcsconst/pop\_constforms.shtml

Date Grading Activity Initiated/ Initials	Description of Grading Activity and Location	Date Grading Activity Ceased (Temporary or Permanent) and Initials	Date Stabilization Measures Initiated (Temporary or Permanent) and Initials	Date Stabilization Measure Complete	Description of Stabilization Measure
5/25/17 VM	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 399+00 – 443+30 LT of Seward Highway Mainline Southbound	8/22/17 M T⊠ P□	8/23/17	8/23/17	Mulched BMP51.00 C
5/31/17 VM	Excavation, backfill Brayton Mainline 9005+00 – 9008+00	6/3/17 ¼ <sub>™</sub> P⊠	6/3/17	6/3/17	Paved
5/31/17 YM	Excavation, backfill Brayton Mainline 9103+00 – 9106+00	6/3/17 NNA P⊠	6/3/17 / <sub>M</sub> P⊠	6/3/17	Paved
6/10/17 VM	Milling, excavation, backfill 399+00 – 443+30 Seward Highway Mainline Northbound	9/11/17 ∳^^ P ⊠	T □ 9/11/17 ♭M P ⊠	9/12/17	Paved from 413+64 – 446+80 399+00 – 413+64 Restarted 9/11/17
6/11/17 M	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 399+00 – 443+30 RT of Seward Highway Mainline Northbound	8/21/17 <sup>1</sup> /∞ T⊠ P□	8/22/17 VMT ⊠ P □	8/22/17	Mulched BMP 51,00 C
8/15/17	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 443+30 – 450+00 RT of Seward Highway Mainline Southbound	10/B/17 by TX	11/13/17 IN T X	10/3/17	mulched BMP 51.00 C



## SWPPP GRADING & STABILIZATION ACTIVITIES LOG PAGE 6

Project Number: CFHWY00162

Project Name: Seward Hwy: Dimond to Dowling Recon

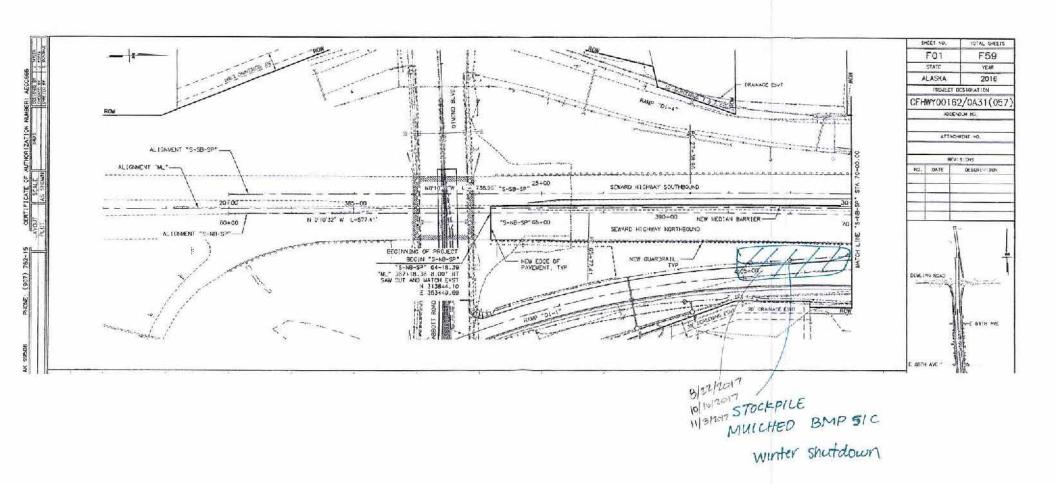
### Project Area (if applicable:

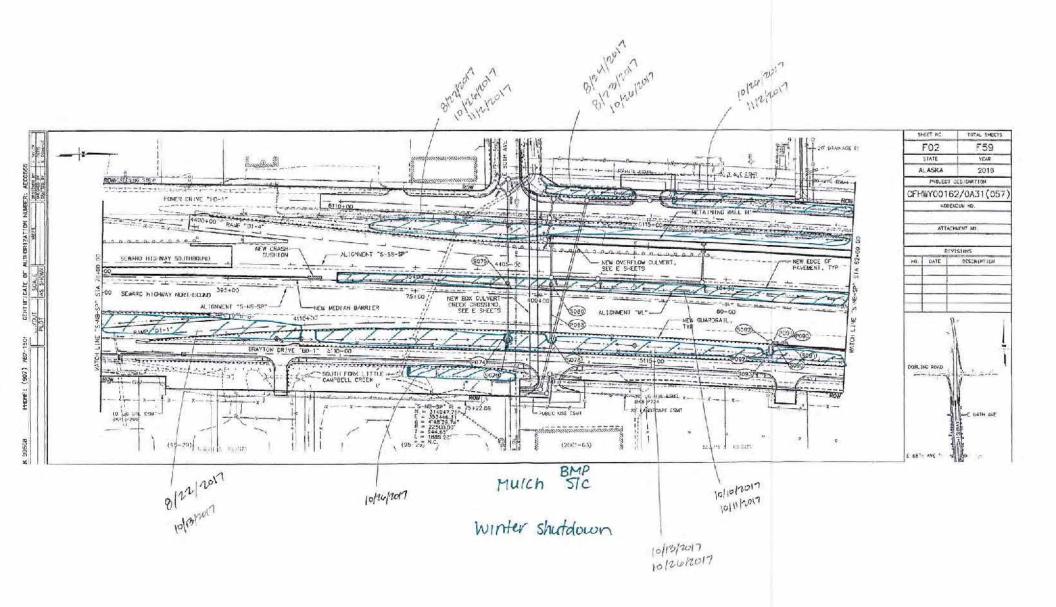
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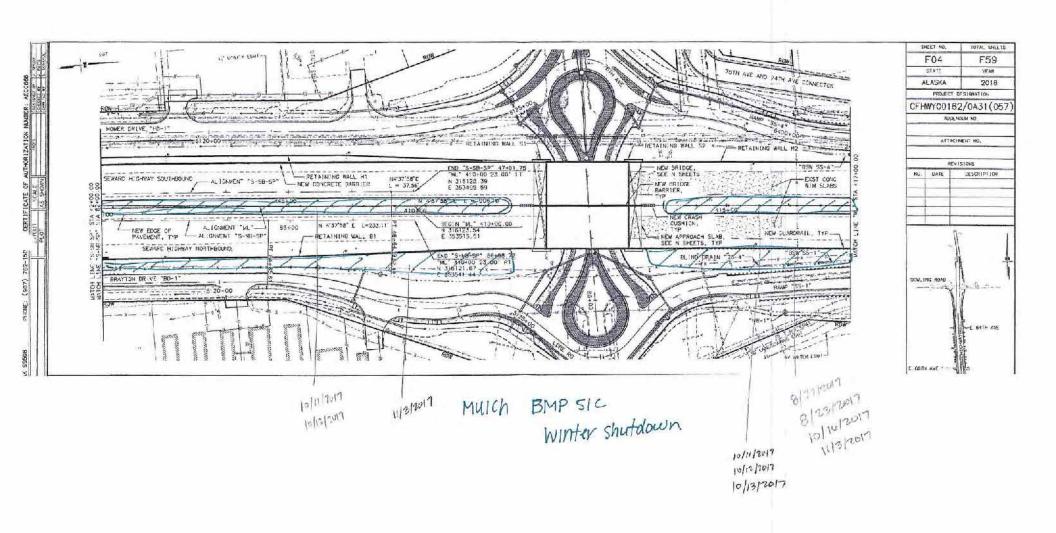
Date Grading Activity Initiated/ Initials	Description of Grading Activity and Location	Date Grading Activity Ceased (Temporary or Permanent) and Initials	Date Stabilization Measures Initiated (Temporary or Permanent) and Initials	Date Stabilization Measure Complete	Description of Stabilization Measure
9/6/17 Ym	Grubbing, excavation, backfill RT of Seward Highway Mainline SB 450+00 – 457+10	10/15/17 bm TM	10/16/17 pm T P	10/10/17	Mulched BMP 51.00 C
9/10/17 /m	Grading Seward Highway Mainline Southbound 399+00 – 413+64	9/29/17 m P 🖂	7 ☐ 9/29/17 <b>½</b> m P ⊠	9/30/17	Paved
9/11/17 m	Grading Seward Highway Mainline Northbound 399+00 – 413+64	9/25/17 M P ⊠	7 □ 9/25/17 VM P ⊠	9/26/17	Paved
9/11/17 nn	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 443+30 – 458+15 RT of Seward Highway Mainline NB	10/11/17 m P 🖂	10/12/17 <b>V</b> N~T ⊠ P □	10/12/17	Mulched BMP 51.00 C
9/12/17	Grubbing, excavation, backfill 443+30 – 458+00 LT of Seward Highway Mainline SB	10/25/17 SNT N	10/26/17 SN T X	10/27/17	Mulched BMP 51.00 C
		T P	T   P		
		T	T D		
		T D	T D		

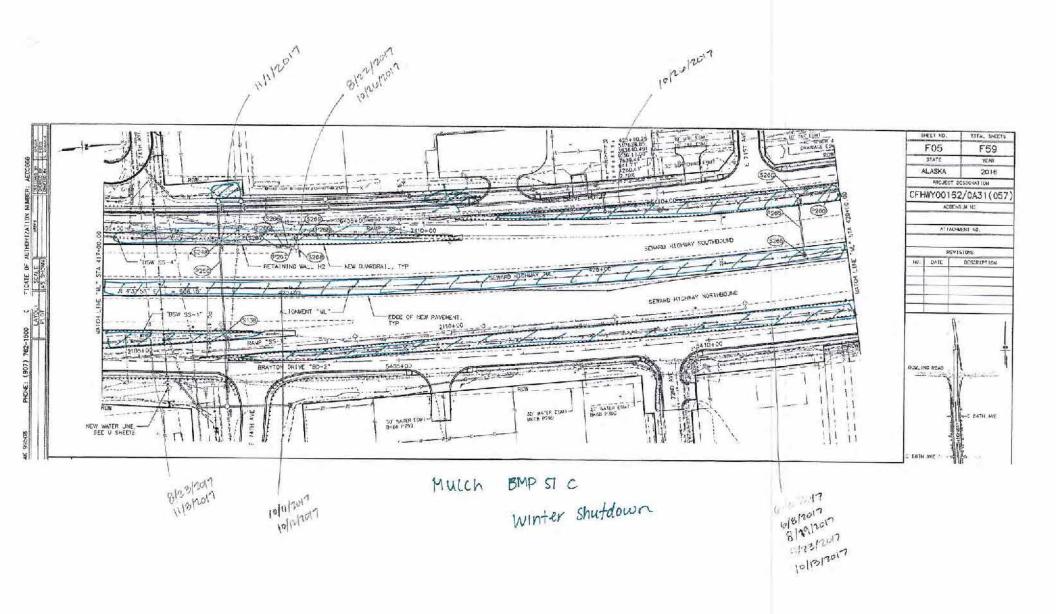
2018 Stabilization Map

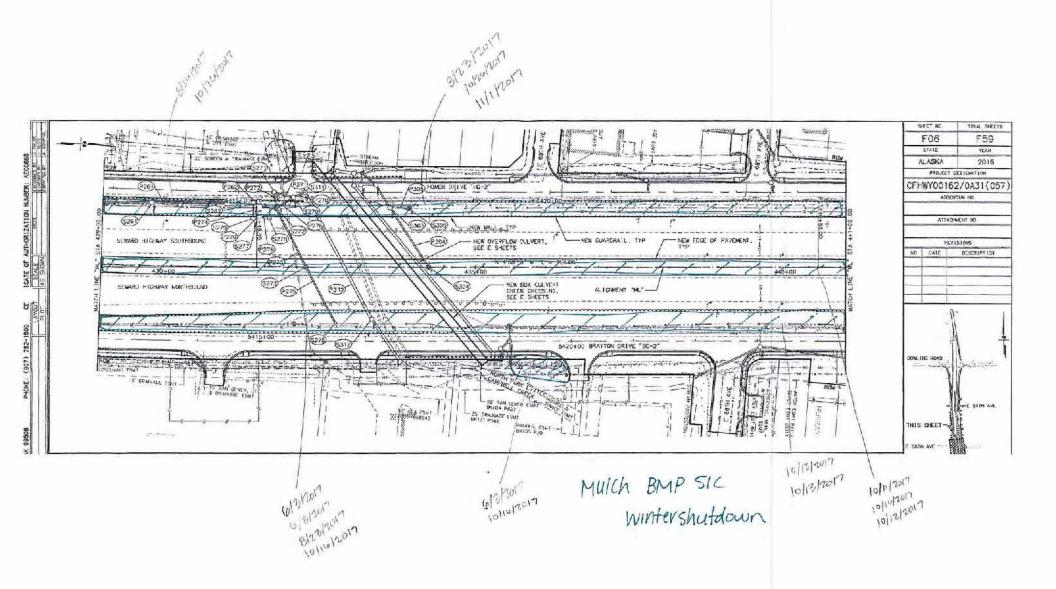
AMD# 48 4-24-18 STN

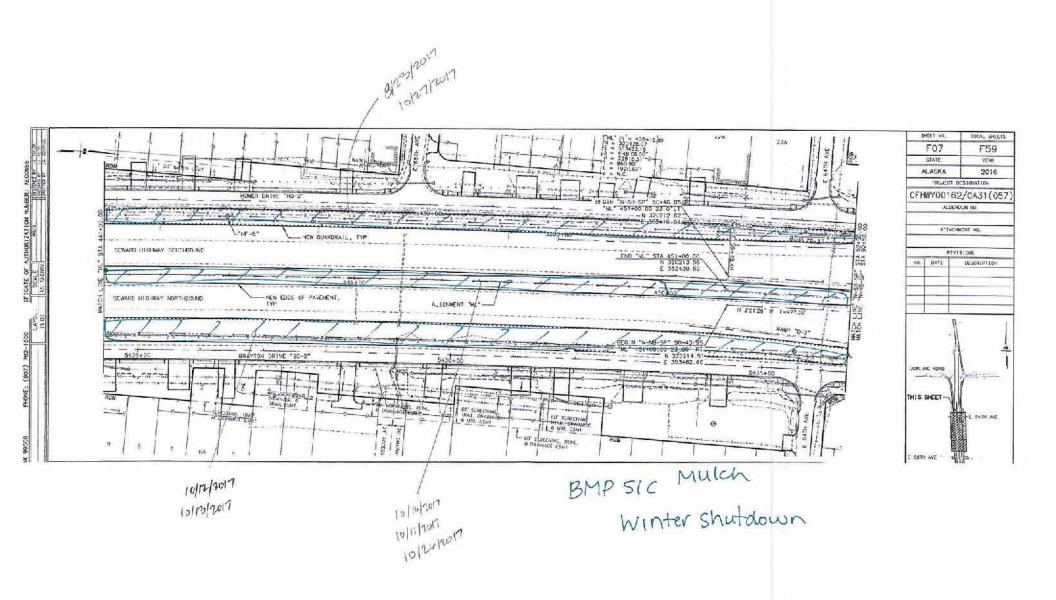


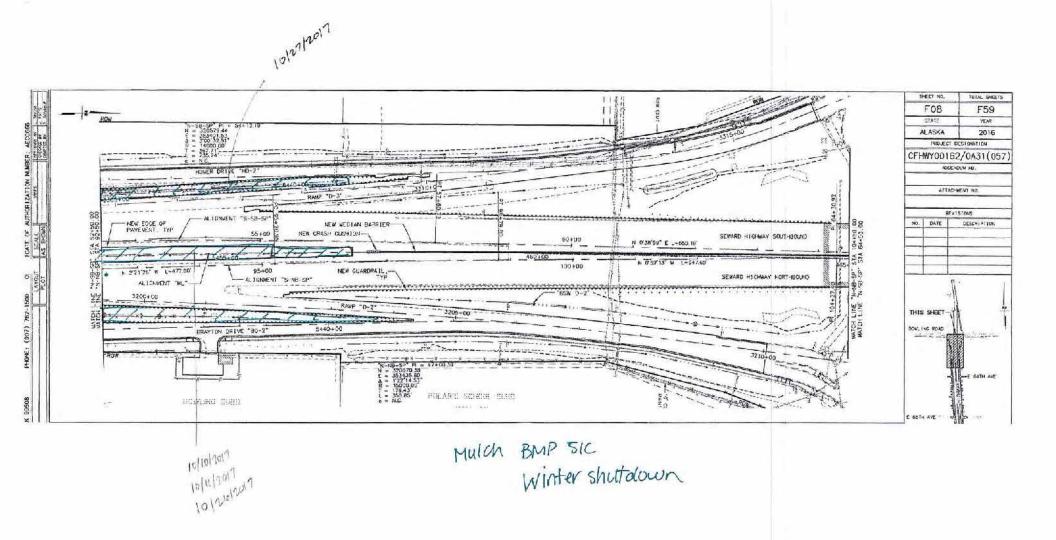


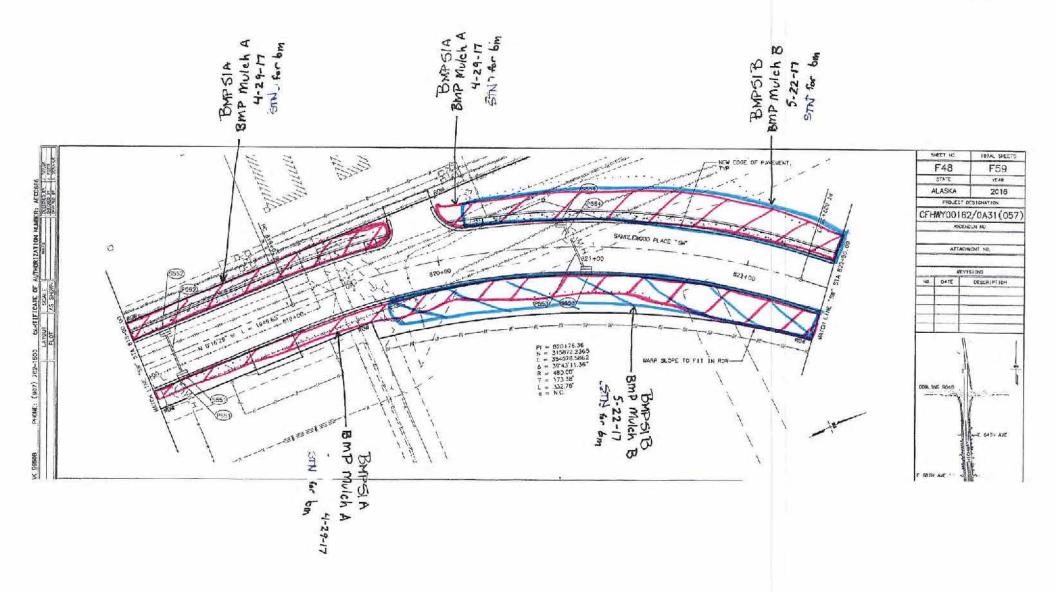




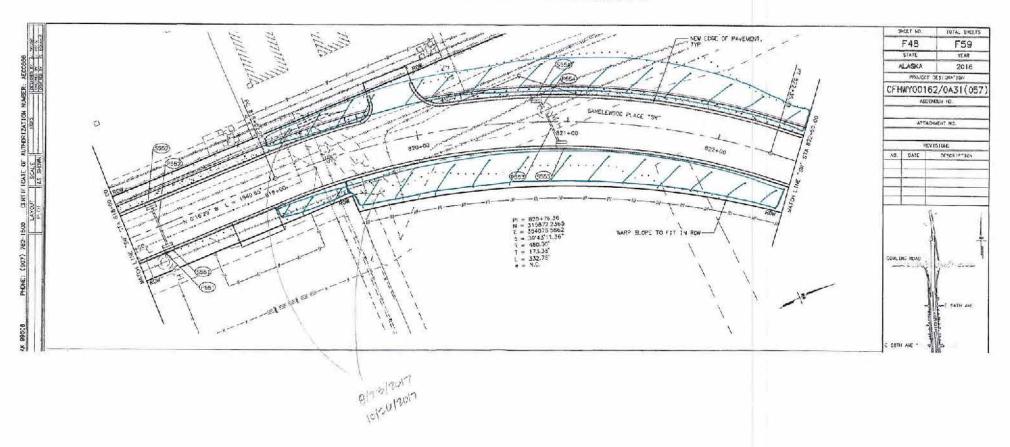


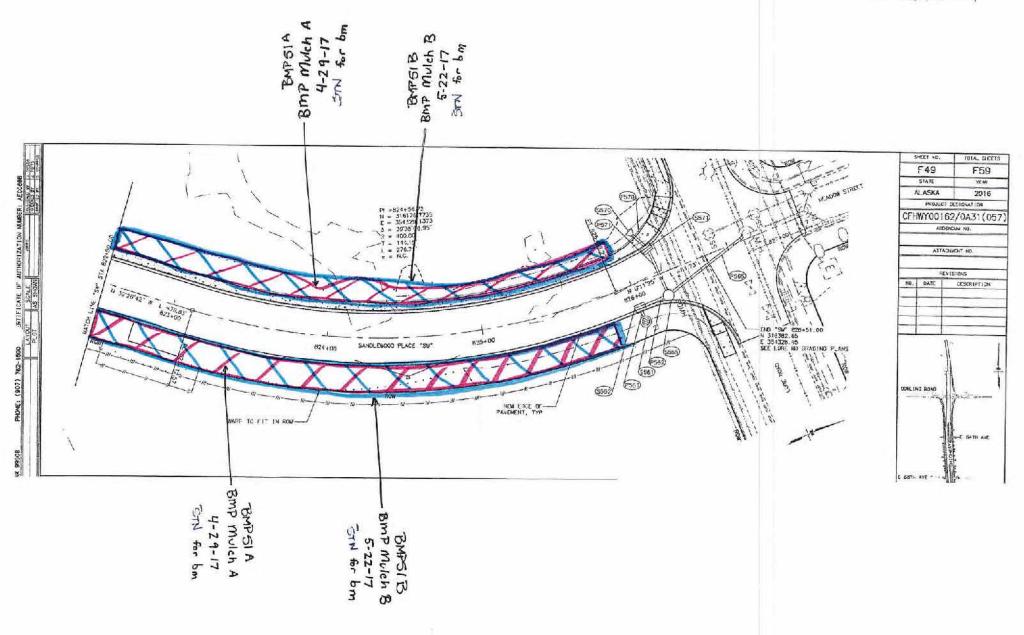




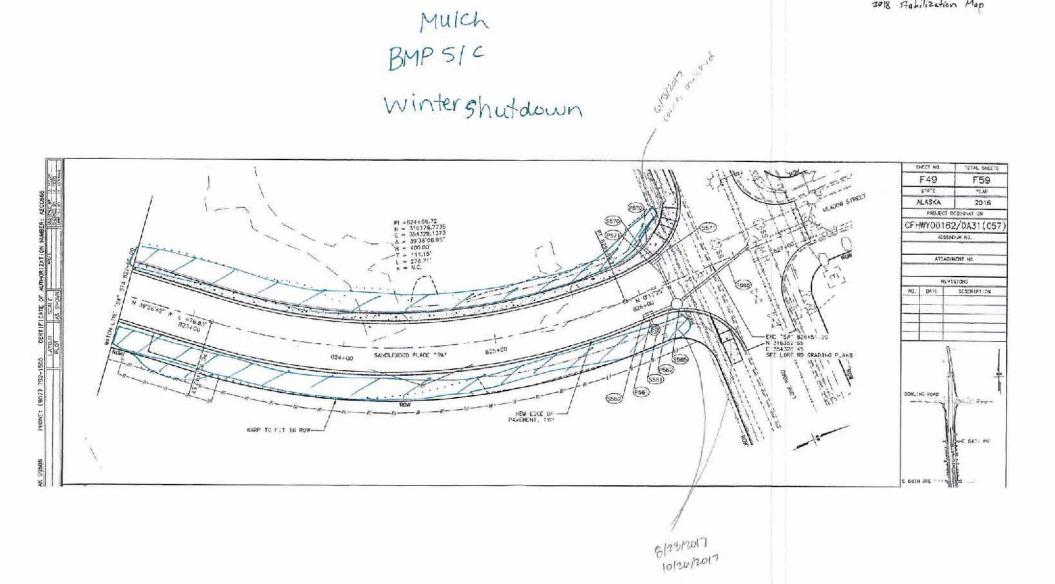


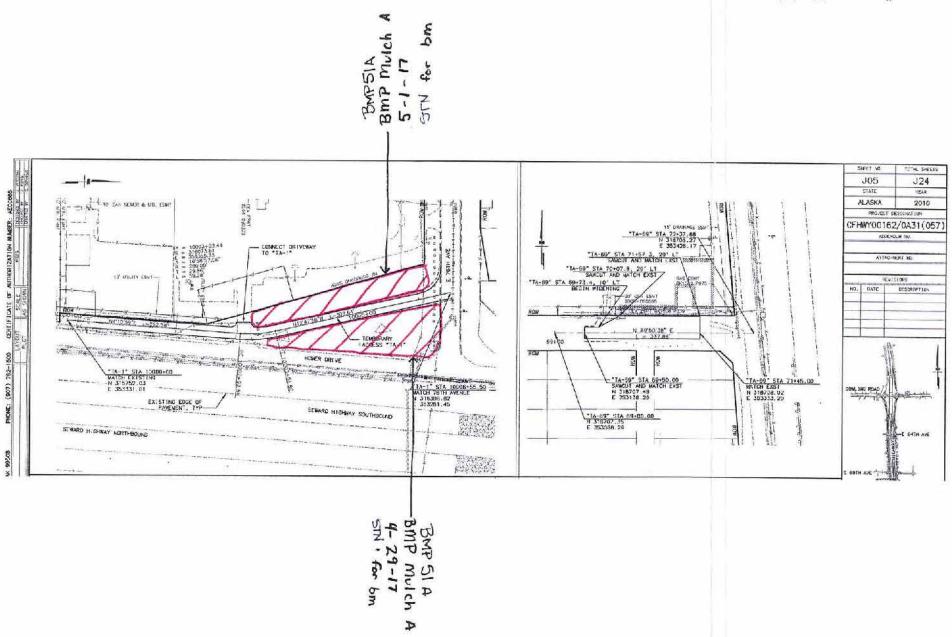
# Mulch BMP57c Winter Shutdown



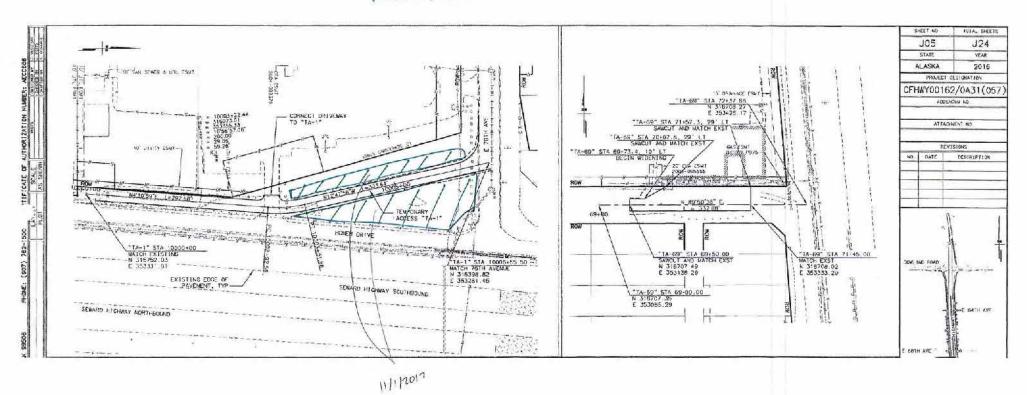


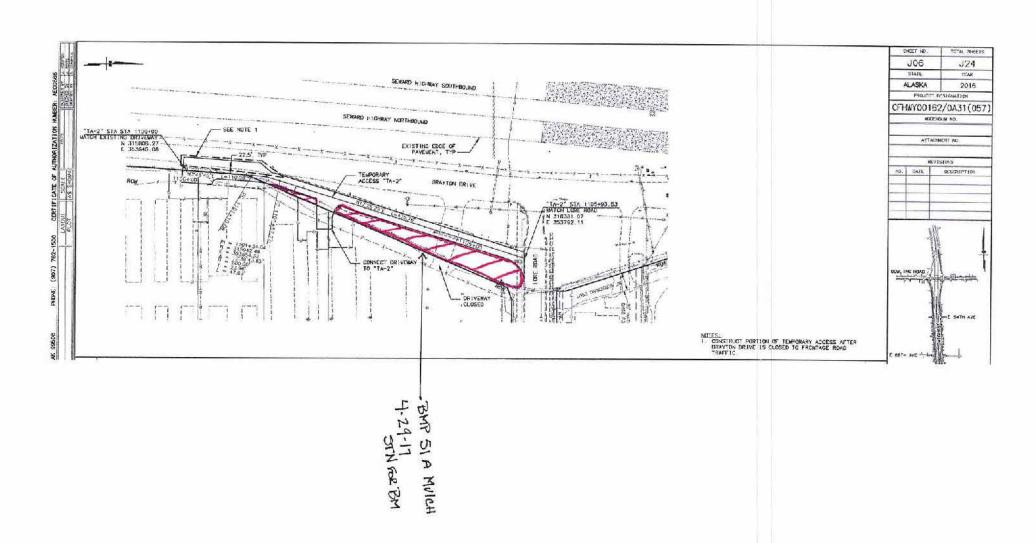
2018 Stabilization Map



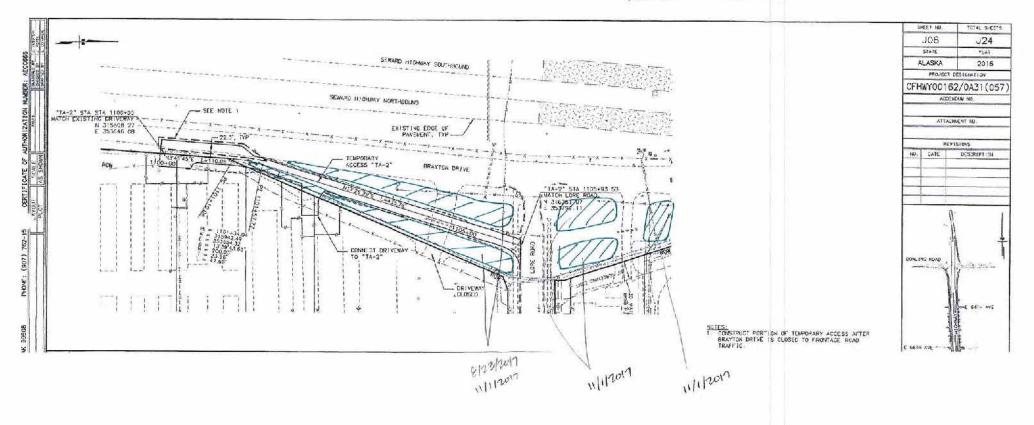


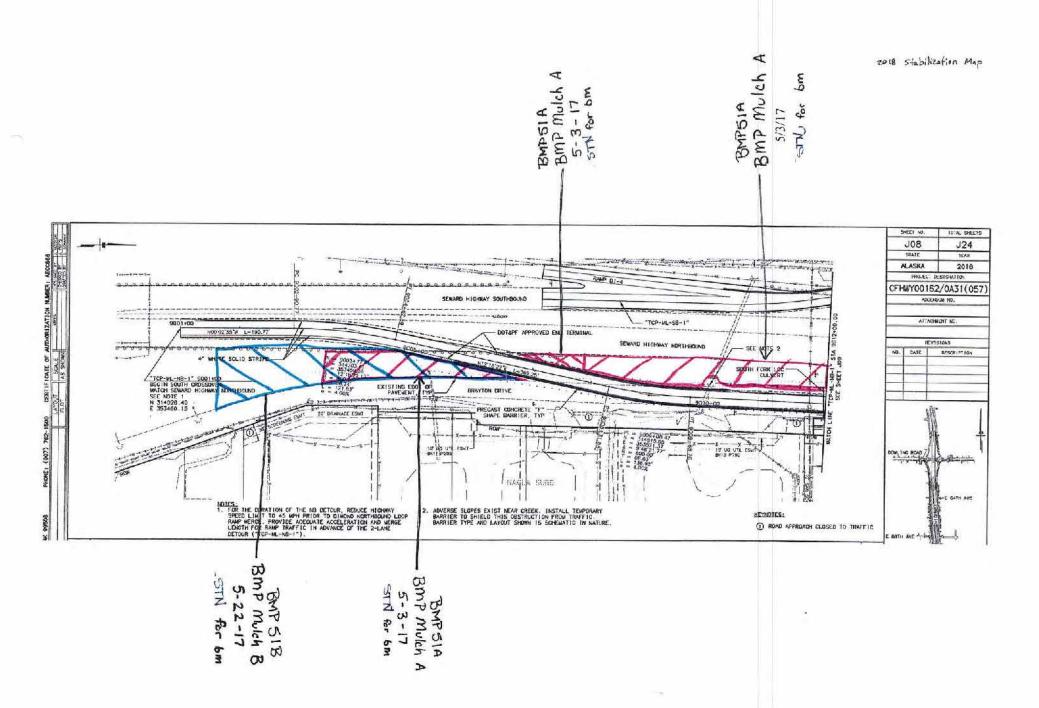
Mulch BMP 51 C Winter shutdown



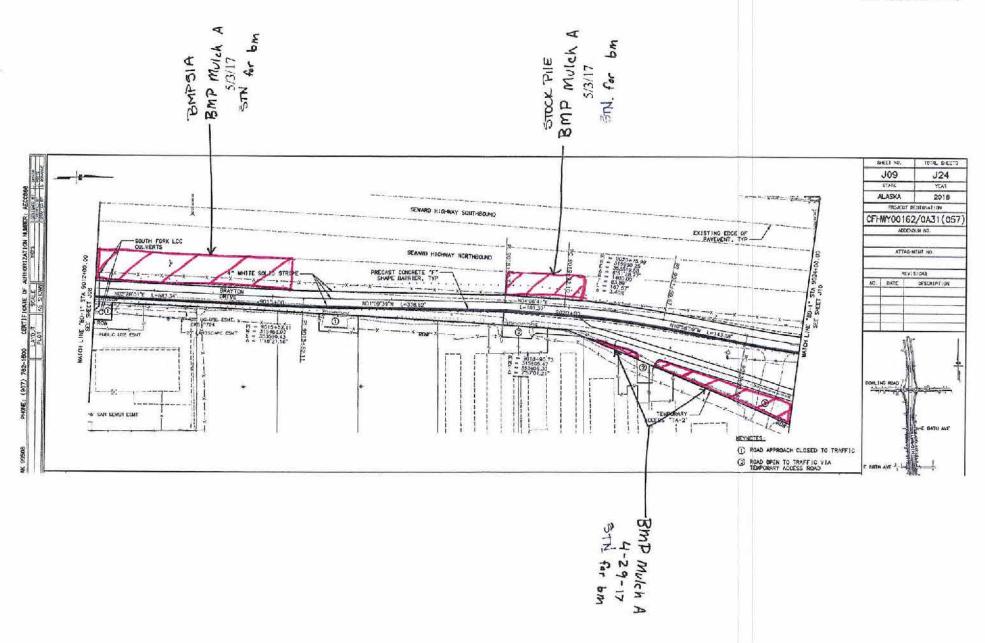


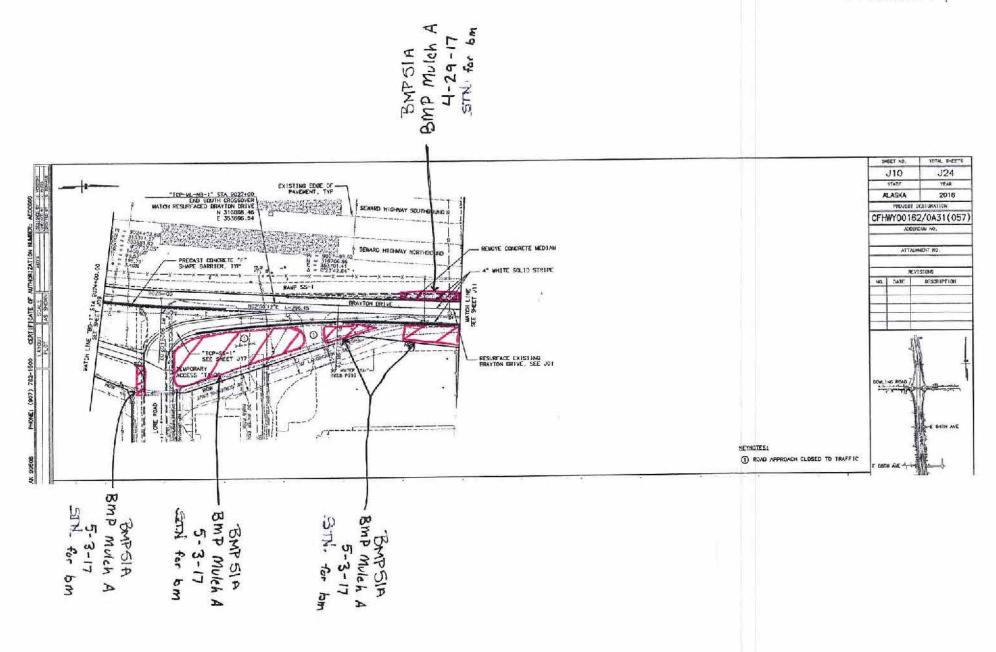
# Mulch &BMPSIC WINTER SHUTDOWN

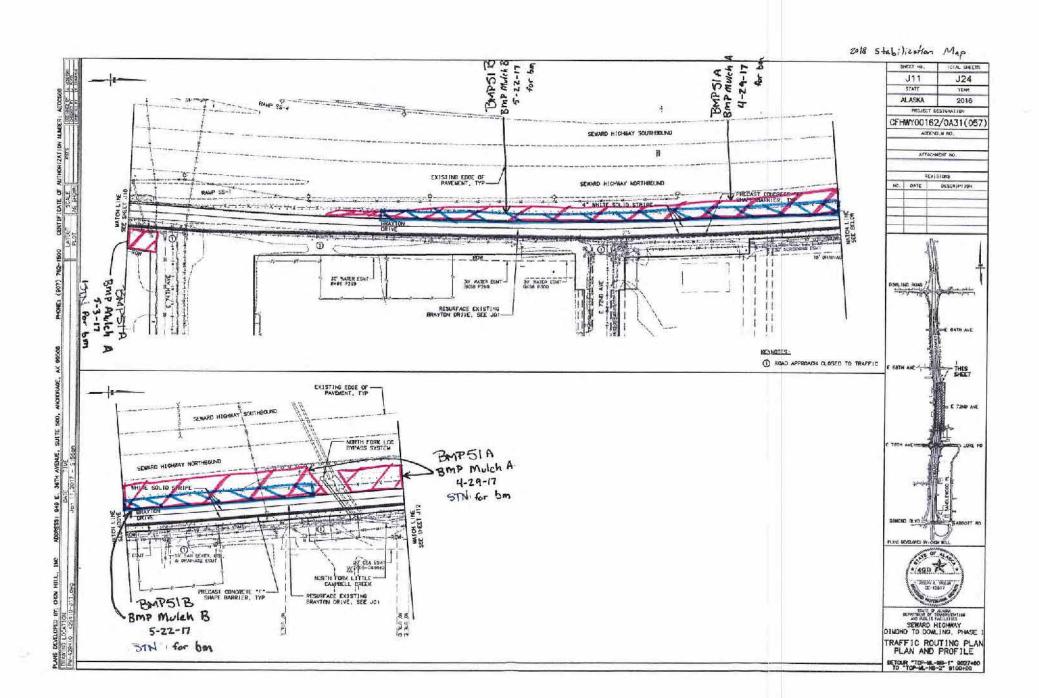


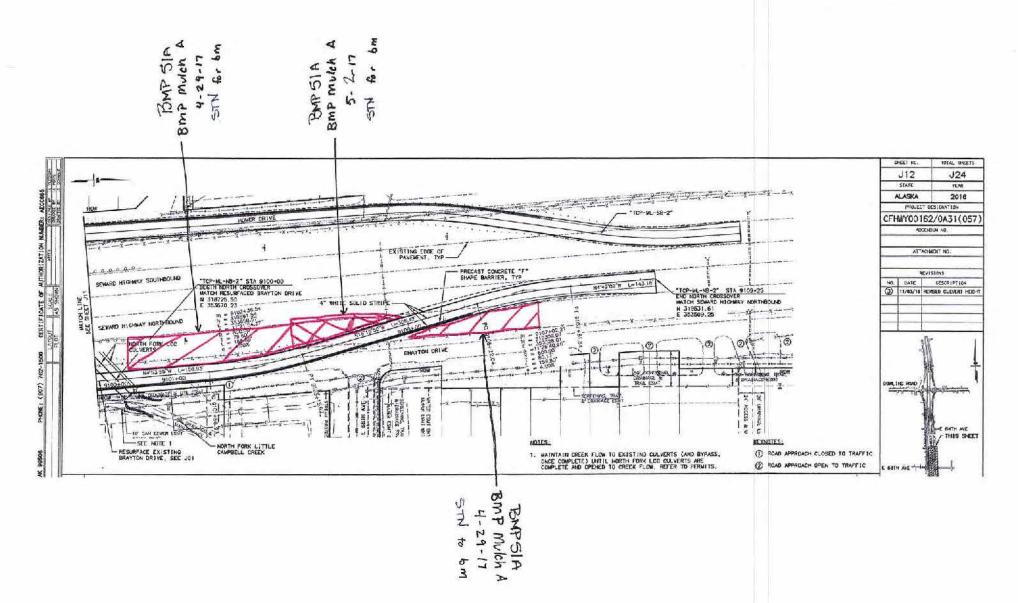


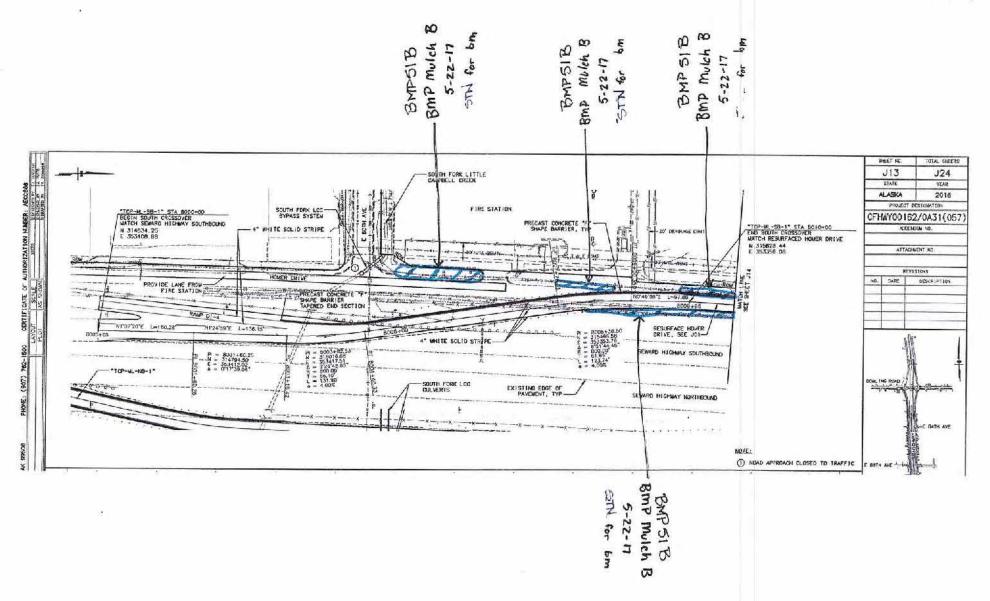
2018 Stabilization Map

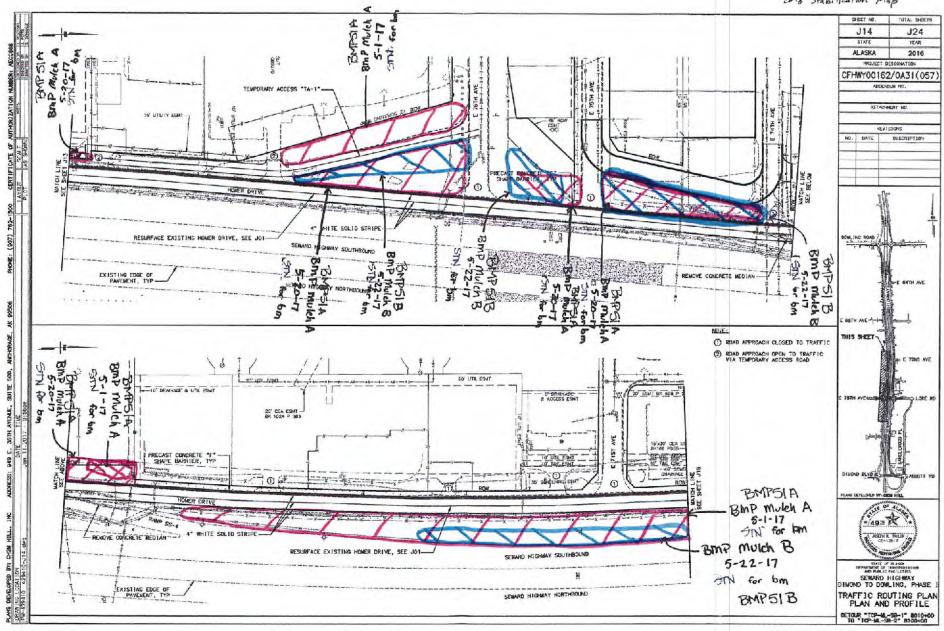


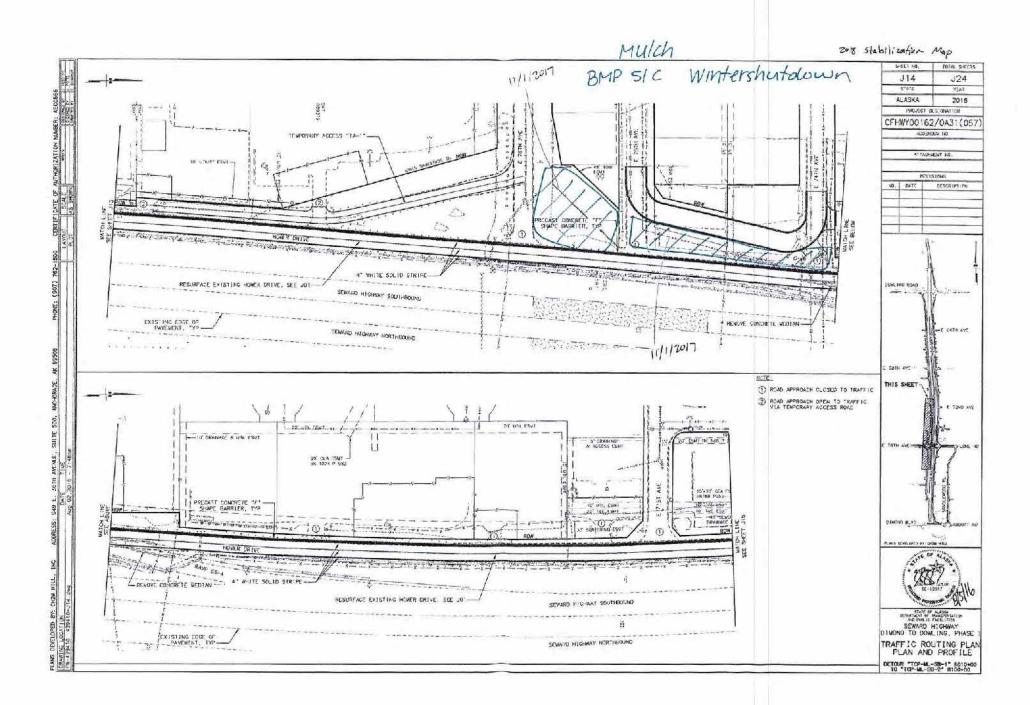


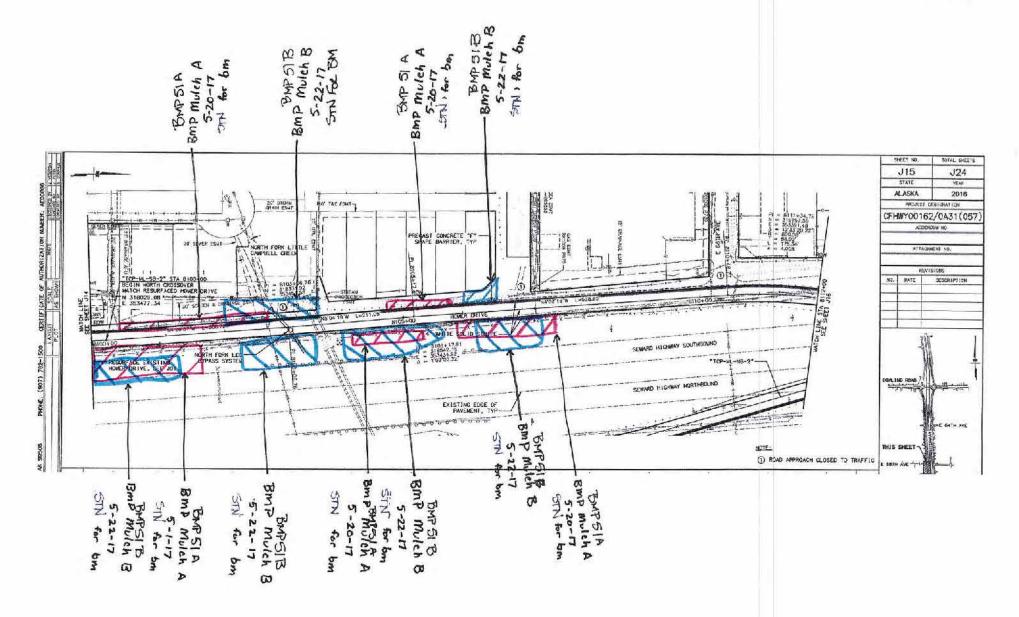














South Fork Little Campbell Creek box culvert outlet with down-slope sediment control measures installed prior to start of construction and spring thaw. (DEC Photo 12)



North Fork Little Campbell creek with downslope sediment control measures installed prior to start of construction within proximity. (DEC Photo 23)



South Fork Little Campbell Creek reconstruction area with down-slope sediment control measures installed prior to start of construction and spring thaw. (DEC Photo 16)



North Fork Little Campbell Creek box culvert with down-slope sediment control measures. (DEC Photo 24)



Compost sock installed by edge of creek near inlet of North Fork Little Campbell Creek. (DEC Photo 25)



North Fork Little Campbell Creek box culvert with down-slope sediment control measures. (DEC Photo 26)

BMP 51.00A&B



RB 12/13/17

#### Description

A MULCH AND SOIL STABILIZER USED IN HYDRAULIC SEEDING AND EROSION CONTROL CONSISTING OF A SPECIAL BLEND OF WOOD BASED KRAFT FIBERS MIXED WITH SELECTED CELLULOSIC FIBERS. THE FIBERS ARE PROCESSED THROUGH SPECIAL GRINDING AND SCREENING EQUIPMENT TO PRODUCE THE FIBER LENGTHS REQUIRED FOR REINFORCING AND STABILIZING THE MULCH. SPECIAL CHEMICALS ARE ADDED DURING MANUFACTURE TO PRODUCE A GREEN COLOR AND RAPID FIBER DISPERSION WHEN ADDED TO WATER TO PRODUCE A UNIFORM SLURRY HAVING DOOD SPRAYING AND PUMPING CHARACTERISTICS.

#### Physical

PERCENT MOISTURE

PH

DENSITY

12% MAXIMUM 7.0 TYPICAL

1.5 TO 2.0 LBS/CUBIC

COLOR

DARK GREEN (when mixed with water)

### Performance

1 WATER HOLDING CAPACITY

2 WATER HOLDING CAPACITY DYE

3 SOIL STABILITY TEST

4 GRASS GROWTH INDEX

1442.5% -/- 100% PER CAL TRANS TEST METHOD 11:1 RATIO PER USDA FOREST SERVICE TEST METHOD

WATER SOLUBLE, NON-TOXIC, 48 HOUR FADE NO MOVEMENT UNDER 6" RAINFALL/HR \* 45 DEGREE

SUPERIOR TO COMPETITIVE WOOD FIBER & STRAW

Uses

• FLAT SURFACES

· SLOPES

USE AS IS

2:1 OR GREATER

(IF NEEDED, USE TACKIFIER)

### Packaging

CONSULT YOUR NEAREST MANUFACTURER FOR ASTRO-MULCH, OR CALL 907-563-3644

#### References

1. TESTS CONDUCTED BY PETTSBURGH TESTING LABORATORY PER STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION (CAL TRANS) REPORT NO. CA-DOT-TL-2167-1-76-16

TESTS CONDUCTED BY PITTSBURGH TESTING LABORATORY PER U.S.D.A. FOREST SERVICE SPECIFICATION R-2 CALLING FOR 9:1 OR GREATER RATIO

3. TESTS CONDUCTED AT UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA DAVIS. COPY AVAILABLE

4 TESTS CONDUCTED AT VIRGINIA FOLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE, COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE & LIFE SCIENCE COPY AVAILABLE

Manufactured

Distributed

Thermo-Kool of Alaska, Inc. 6348 Quinhagak

Anchorage, AK. 99507

907-563-3644

10FB 7

information and suggestions contained herein are believed to be accurate based upon our current knowledge and exterience However, such information and suggestions may not be pertinent, suitable or complete to any particular construction, substrate application, application process or conditions. SELLEP HEREBY DISCLAIMS ALL EXPRESSED AND IMPULED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. It shallbe buyers sole responsibility. to ascertain suitability of any mentioned products and the completeness of any information and or suggestions for its or its sustoners use or uses

Seward Highway: Dimond Boulevard to Dowling Road Reconstruction, Phase 1 0A31(057)/CFHWY00162

#### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

TURF TRAX® GREEN

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY, SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE OR ACCIDENT, CALL CHEMTREC - DAY OR NIGHT 1-800-424-9300

CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

MANUFACTURED FOR:

LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC. P.O. Box 1286 • Greeley, CO 80632-1286

24-Hour Emergency Phone: 1-800-424-9300

Medical Emergencies: 1-800-301-7976

ntional Response Center: 1-800-424-8802

PRODUCT NAME: CHEMICAL NAME:

Mixture Mixture

TURF TRAX® GREEN SPRAY INDICATOR FOR TURF

CHEMICAL FAMILY: EPA REG. NO .: MSDS Number: .171433-07b-LPI

not applicable

MSDS Revisions: Section 1

Date of Issue: 07/24/07

Supersedes: 01/10/07

#### HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION SUMMARY

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN - CAUTION - May cause temporary eye and skin imitation. In case of contact, flush with large amounts of water. If imitation persists, get medical attention. In case of skin contact, flush with water. Prolonged inhalation may lead to respiratory tract irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact with eyes or skin may result in irritation. Exposure to unprotected skin areas may cause temporary staining. May provoke asthmatic response in persons with asthma who are sensitive to sirway initiants. Ingestion of large quantities may be harmful.

This product is blue liquid with slight odor.

COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Ingredients:

Percentage by Weight:

CAS No.

TLV (Units)

Contains no reportable quantities of hazardous ingredients

FIRST AID MEASURES

If in swallowed:

Have person drink large amounts of water and induce vomiting. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Flush with large amounts of water of water, If imitation persists, get medical attention.

If in eyes: If on skin:

Faish with water

If inhaled:

Remove person to fresh air, get medical attention if irritation persists.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT (\*F/Test Method):

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (LFL & UFL):

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

>200°F/>93.3°C (TCC)

Not established

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

Dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), alcohol foam, foam or water spray/tog. May emit nexious furnes including, but not limited to, exides of carbon, exides of nitrogen, acetic acid,

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

free aromatic amines, or other toxic compounds in a fire situation.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Use water spray to cool containers.

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Control and contain the leak or spill. Pick up the material with absorbent and place in a container for proper disposal in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: Keep spills and cleaning runoff out of municipal sewers and open bodies of water.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: STORAGE: Keep out of reach of children. Avoid unnecessary skin contact. Do not breathe fumes. Wash thoroughly after handling. Store in original container only, Keep container lightly closed. Do not allow product to freeze. Do not store near heat or

open flame. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal,

EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Work in well-ventilated area. Local exhaust may be required if working in confined spaces. If excessive vapors or mists are generated, wear a NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor/mist respirator.

Chemical goggles or safety glasses or a face shield if a splash hazard exists. An emergency eyewash station should

EYE PROTECTION: SKIN PROTECTION:

Wear protective clothing: coveralls, apron, boots and gloves. A safety shower should be available

OSHA PEL 8 hr TWA

ACGIH TI V-TWA

For croduct

not listed

not isted

PAGE 1 OF 3

20+127

### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Green liquid with slight odor. SPECIFIC GRAVITY (Water = 1): ±1.1 g/ml

VAPOR PRESSURE: Not applicable

PERCENT VOLATILE (by volume): Not established

BULK DENSITY: ±9.18 lbs/gal. BOILING POINT: Not established

EVAPORATION RATE: Slower than ether

SOLUBILITY: Soluble pH: 7.74-9.74 (neat)

Those physical data are typical values based on material tested but may vary from sample to sample Typical values should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis of any specific lot or as specification items.

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Extremes in temperature and high humidity.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Long term storage in direct contact with reactive metals such as aluminum, zinc, copper, nickel, magnesium, etc., strong reducing agents and strong oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: May amic noxicus furnes including, but not limited to, oxides of carbon, exides of nitrogen, acetic acid, or other toxic compounds in a fire situation.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Oral LD<sub>ss</sub> (rat): Not established

Eye Irritation (rabbit): Irritation may occur

Inhalation LC (rat): Not established.

Acute Dermal LDss (rat): Not established

Skin Irritation (rabbit): Irritation will occur on prolonged contact.

Skin Sensitization (guinea pig): Not established.

Carcinogenic Potential: Not listed by OSHA, NTP, IARC, or ACGIH as a known human carcinogen

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Keep spills and cleaning runoff out of municipal sewers and open bodies of water.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Do not reuse container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) and add rinsate to spray tank, then offer for recycling at an ACRC site or by reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Do not contaminate water sources by runoff from cleaning of equipment, disposal of equipment wash waters, or spray waste. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Shipping Description: NOT REGULATED BY USDOT.

Freight Classification: ADHESIVES, ADJUVANTS, SPREADERS OR STICKERS (NMFC 4810; CLASS: 60)

Consult appropriate ICAO/IATA and IMDG regulations for shipment requirements in the Air and Maritime shipping modes.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

NFPA & HMIS Hazard Ratings:

NEPA

Healh

Least

HMIS

Health

Flammability Instability

Slight 2 Moderate

Flammability C Reactivity PPE

3 High

Severe

SARA Hazard Notification/Reporting

SARA Title III Hazard Category:

Immediate Delayed

Fre Reactive

Sudden Release of Pressure

N

Reportable Quantity (RQ) under U.S. CERCLA: Not listed

SARA, Title III, Section 313: Not listed RCRA Waste Code: Not listed

CA Proposition 65: Not Isted

3.067

## MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

TURF TRAX® GREEN

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

MSDS STATUS: Section 1 revised

PREPARED BY: Registrations and Regulatory Affairs

REVIEWED BY: Environmental/Regulatory Services

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### MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

TURF TRAX® BLUE

FOR CHEMICAL EMERGENCY, SPILL, LEAK, FIRE, EXPOSURE OR ACCIDENT, CALL CHEMTREC - DAY OR NIGHT 1-800-424-9300

## 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

#### MANUFACTURED FOR:

LOVELAND PRODUCTS, INC.

P.O. Box 1288 • Greeley, CO 80632-1286

24-Hour Emergency Phone: 1-800-424-9300

Medical Emergencies: 1-866-944-8585

U.S. Coast Guard National Response Center; 1-800-424-8802

PRODUCT NAME: CHEMICAL NAME: TURF TRAXS BLUE SPRAY INDICATOR FOR TURF

Mixture CHEMICAL FAMILY: Mixture EPA REG. NO .:

not applicable

MSDS Number: 8201310-10-LPI

MSDS Revisions: Sections 1 and 4

Date of lasue: 07/21/10

Supersedes: 07/24/07

#### HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION SUMMARY

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN - CAUTION - May cause temporary eye and skin irritation. In case of contact, flush with large amounts of water. If irritation persists, get medical attention. In case of skin contact, flush with water. Prolonged inhalation may lead to respiratory tract irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact with eyes or skin may result in imitation. Exposure to unprotected skin areas may cause temporary staining. May provoke asthmatic response in persons with asthma who are sensitive to airway irritants. Ingestion of large quantities may be harmful.

This product is blue liquid with slight odor.

#### COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Ingredients:

Percentage by Weight:

CAS No.

TLV (Units)

Contains no reportable quantities of hazardous ingredients

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If in eyes:

Flush with large amounts of water of water, if irritation persists, get medical attention.

If on skin:

If inhaled:

Not anticipated to cause any inhalation concerns.

FOR A MEDICAL EMERGENCY INVOLVING THIS PRODUCT CALL: 1-868-944-8565.

#### FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT ("F/Test Method):

FLAMMABLE LIMITS (LFL & UFL):

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:

>200°F/>93.3°C (TCC)

Not established

Dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol foam, foam or water spray/log.

May emit noxious furnes including, but not limited to, oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, acetic acid, free aromatic amines, or other toxic compounds in a fire situation.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES: UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear. Use water spray to cool containers.

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Control and contain the leak or spill. Pick up the material with absorbent and place in a container for proper disposal in accordance with local, state and federal regulations

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: Keep spills and cleaning runoff out of municipal sewers and open bodies of water.

#### HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: STORAGE:

Keep out of reach of children. Avoid unnecessary skin contact. Do not breathe furnes. Wash thoroughly after handling Store in original container only. Keep container tightly closed, Do not allow product to freeze. Do not store near heat or open flame. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

5 of 7

SOLUBILITY: Soluble

pH: 7.74-9.74 (neat)

#### **EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Work in well-ventilated area, Local exhaust may be required if working in confined spaces.

BULK DENSITY: ±9.18 lbs/gal.

BOILING POINT: Not established

EYE PROTECTION:

If excessive vapors or mists are generated, wear a NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor/mist respirator. Chemical goggles or safety glasses or a face shield if a splash hazard exists. An emergency eyewash station should

For product

SKIN PROTECTION:

Wear protective clothing: coveralls, apron, boots and gloves. A safety shower should be available.

OSHA PEL 8 hr TWA

ACGIH TLV-TWA

not listed

not Ested

#### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE AND ODOR: Blue liquid with slight odor.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (Water = 1): ±1.1 g/ml

VAPOR PRESSURE: Not applicable

PERCENT VOLATILE (by volume): Not established

EVAPORATION RATE: Slower than either These physical data are typical values based on material tested but may vary from sample to sample Typical values should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis of any specific lot or as specification items.

#### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Extremes in temperature and high humidity.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Long term storage in cirect contact with reactive metals such as aluminum, zinc, copper, nickel, magnesium, etc., strong reducing

agents and strong oxidizing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: May amit nexious fumes including, but not limited to, exides of carbon, exides of nitrogen, acetic acid, or other toxic compounds in a fre situation.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute Oral LD<sub>IR</sub> (rat): Not established

Eye Irritation (rabbit): Irritation may occur

Inhalation LC<sub>20</sub> (rat): Not established.

Acute Dermal LD<sub>so</sub> (rat): Not established

Skin Irritation (rabbit): Irritation will occur on prolonged contact.

Skin Sensitization (guinea pig): Not established.

Carcinogenic Potential: Not listed by OSHA, NTP, IARC, or ACGIH as a known human carcinogen

#### 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Keep spills and cleaning runoff out of municipal sewers and open bodies of water.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Do not reuse container. Triple rinse (or equivalent) and add rinsate to spray tank, then offer for recycling at an ACRC site or by reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill or incineration, or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke. Do not contaminate water sources by runoff from cleaning of equipment, disposal of equipment wash waters, or spray waste. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Shipping Description: NOT REGULATED BY USDOT.

Freight Classification: ADHESIVES, ADJUVANTS, SPREADERS OR STICKERS (NMFC 4610; CLASS: 60)

Consult appropriate ICAONATA and IMDG regulations for shipment requirements in the Air and Maritime shipping modes.

#### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

NFPA & HMIS Hazard Ratings:

NEPA Health

Flammability

Instability

0 Loast

Staht 2 Moderate

3 High HMIS

Health Flammable/

0 Reactivity X PPE

4 Sovere

PAGE 2 OF 3

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# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

TURF TRAX® BLUE

SARA Hazard Notification/Reporting SARA Title III Hazard Category:

immediate Delayed Fire Reactive

Sudden Release of Pressure

N

Reportable Quantity (RQ) under U.S. CERCLA: Not listed SARA, Title III, Section 313: Not listed

RCRA Waste Code: Not listed CA Proposition 65: Not listed

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

MSDS STATUS: Sections 1 and 4 revised

PREPARED BY: Registrations and Regulatory Affairs

REVIEWED BY: Environmental/Regulatory Services

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# EarthGuard Amd #

RB 12/13/17

# SWPPP Insert for **Temporary Soil Stabilization** A Rain Event Action Plan (REAP) BMP

#### Meets CASQA Specifications for:

- Soil Binder EC-5
- Stockpile Management WM-3
- Wind Erosion Control WE-1

<u>Definition</u>: EarthGuard is a temporary erosion control system that works on the atomic level with soil to maintain its stability by both preserving existing soil structure and flocculating fine sediment dislodged by stormwater or wind. EarthGuard can be applied with a water truck, spray rig or hydroseeder and is active immediately, even during a rain event.

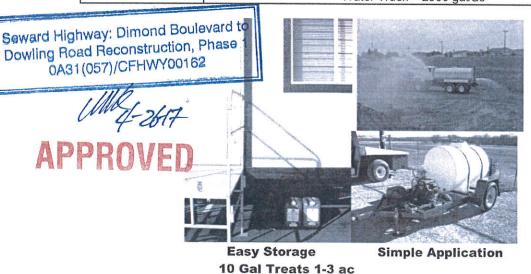
The use of stabilizers for soil stabilization/erosion control does not require an Active Treatment Plan (ATS) according to the State Regional Board.

Function: EarthGuard is used is to immediately temporarily stabilize active and inactive construction sites, pads, roads, slopes and stock piles for impending rain events. EarthGuard is specifically designed to work with all soil types to reduce soil movement and turbidity helping maintain compliance with environmental regulations.

EarthGuard can be used as a BMP to satisfy the Rain Event Action Plan (REAP) especially on Risk Level 2-3 sites.

Installation Instructions & Application Rate: Soil preparation is not required and EarthGuard can be applied over existing vegetation. Simply add EarthGuard to an on-site water truck or spray rig for immediate protection. EarthGuard will not harm equipment and should be applied at the following rates:

SLOPE	≤ 4:1	3:1	2:1	1.5:1	1:1	Stockpiles
EARTHGUARD (gal/ac)	3	4	5	6	8	10
Water		S REQUIRED TO COVER TO COVER 1 AC OF AREA AND PENDENT ON EQUIPMENT'S ABILITY TO PROPERLY APPLY				
	Hydroseeder ≈ 2000 gal/ac					
	Spray Rig ≈ 2000 gal/ac					
1	Water Truck ≈ 2500 gal/ac					



Terra Novo Inc

PO Box 81916 / Bakersfield / CA / 93380 www.EarthGuard.com

888-843-1029 10/2015



EarthGuard: Eco-Guardian and Eco-Friendly

EarthGuard® is a spray-on erosion control/re-vegetation product designed to work on the atomic level with soil to maintain its stability by both preserving its structure and conjoining individual aggregates along the surface. EarthGuard prevents the damaging effects of erosion from impacting watersheds downstream while being non-toxic and eco-friendly to the environment.

Various studies on the efficacy and eco-friendlessness have been conducted on EarthGuard. These studies include:

Study	Results
Texas DOT Erosion Control Testing	99.8% Effective after 5.25" of rain in 90 min.  * C Factor @3000 lbs/acre = 0.002 *
California DOT Erosion Control Testing	99.5% Effective after 4" of rain in 200 min.  * C Factor @2250 lbs/acre = = 0.005 *
ASTM 6459 Large Scale Slope Testing	99.8% Effective after rainfall intensities of 2", 4" and 6" rain events applied in 20 minute consecutive intervals.  Total 4" of rain in 60 min.  * C-Factor EGFM@3000 lbs/acre = 0.002 *
Meets or Exceeds ECTC Standards for STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR HYDRAULIC EROSION CONTROL PRODUCTS Range: Ultra Short to Long Term	http://www.ectc.org/specifications.asp
Germination Enhancement: ASTM D 7322	466% in growth over bare soil plot.
California DOT Environmental Field Study	No product related export found in effluent.
California DOT Water Quality Handbook	EarthGuard does not discharge pollutants and water quality sampling and analysis is <b>not</b> required.
US EPA 2012 Construction General Permit	The use of PAM (EarthGuard) has shown minimal toxicity even at 10 times the normal erosion control concentration, 10 ppm or 100 ppm. EarthGuard at its heaviest application rate is 1 ppm
US EPA 96-hr Acute Toxicity Test: Rainbow Trout	Non-toxic
US EPA 96-hr Acute Toxicity Test: Pimephales Promelas and Ceriodaphnia Dubia	Non-toxic
California Title 22 Acute Bioassay Test: Fathead Minnow	Non-toxic
EPA SW 846 Method 6010b Metals and Solvents	Non-toxic
NSF Drinking Water Standards	All components of EarthGuard meet the National Sanitation Foundation Standards for use in drinking water clarification.

Terra Novo Inc

PO Box 81916 / Bakersfield / CA / 93380 www.EarthGuard.com

888-843-1029 3/2012



Seward Highway: Dimond Boulevard Dowling Road Reconstruction, Phase 7 0A31(057)/CFHWY00162

UMB 4-2617

USDA Application Recommendations

The use of PAM (EarthGuard) should be limited to 200 lb./ac/yr. EarthGuard at its heaviest application rate is equates to 25 lb./ac/yr.

For further information, please visit the following web sites:

Short 10 min. Video: www.earthguard.com/video.php

Product Brochure: www.earthguard.com/pdf/SalesBrochure.pdf

Web Site:

www.EarthGuard.com





MATERIAL SAFETY DATA

Revision Date: 10/3/2012

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND THE COMPANY

PRODUCT NAME:

**EarthGuard** 

COMPANY:

TELEPHONE:

Terra Novo, Inc., 2930 Patton Way

BAKERSFIELD, CA 93308, USA 661.587.5716

**EMERGENCY PHONE:** 

CHEMTREC 800.424.9300

PRODUCT USE:

Processing aid for industrial application

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Appearance and Odor:

Form: Viscous liquid

Color: Milky

Odor: Aliphatic

Potential Health Effects:

Eye: May cause eye irritation with susceptible persons.

Skin: Slightly irritating.

Potential Physical/Chemical Effects: Spills produce extremely slippery surfaces.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Identification: Anionic water-soluble polymer in emulsion.

Regulated Components: None.

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Inhalation:** Move to fresh air immediately. No hazards which require special first aid measures. **Skin contact:** Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact: Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.



Revision Date: 10/3/2012

Ingestion: Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

#### **5.** FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media: Water. Water spray. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry powder.

Precautions: Spills produce extremely slippery surfaces.

Special protective equipment for firefighters: No special protective equipment required.

Flash point (°C): Does not flash.

Autoignition temperature (°C): Does not ignite.

Flash point: Not applicable.

Autoignition temperature (°C): Not applicable.

#### **6.** ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Personal precautions :** No special precautions required. Wear adequate personal protective equipment (see Section 8 Exposure Controls/Personal Protection). Keep people away from spill/leak.

Environmental precautions: As with all chemical products, do not flush into surface water.

**Methods for cleaning up**: Do not flush with water. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. If liquid has been spilled in large quantities, clean up promptly by scoop or vacuum. Keep is suitable and closed containers for disposal. After cleaning, flush away traces with water.

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### Handling

Safe handling advice: Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When preparing the working solutions ensure there is adequate ventilation. When using do not smoke.

#### Storage

Keep in a cool, dry place (0 - 30 °C). Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Freezing will affect the physical condition and may damage the material.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering measures



Revision Date: 10/3/2012

Use local exhaust if misting occurs. Natural ventilation is adequate in absence of mists.

#### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection: Not required; except in case of aerosol formation

Hand protection: PVC or other plastic material gloves

Eve protection: Safety glasses with side-shields. Do not wear contact lenses where this product is

used.

**Skin and body protection :** Chemical resistant apron or protective suit if splashing or repeated contact with solution is likely.

#### Hygiene measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form: Viscous liquid

Color: Milky

Odor: Aliphatic

pH: 6 - 8 @ 5 g/l

Specific Gravity: 1.05

Melting point/range: Not applicable

Flash point: Not applicable

Autoignition temperature (°C): Not applicable

Vapor pressure (mm Hg): 0,002 @ 20°C

Bulk viscosity (cps): 1200

Kinematic viscosity @  $40^{\circ}$ C (mm<sup>2</sup>/s): >>20.5

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Hazardous polymerization does not occur. Stable.



Revision Date: 10/3/2012

Materials to avoid: Oxidizing agents may cause exothermic reactions.

Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal decomposition may produce. Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

Carbon oxides (COx).

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50/oral/rat > 5000 mg/kg.

Dermal: LD50/dermal/rat > 5000 mg/kg.

**Inhalation**: The product is not expected to be toxic by inhalation.

Irritation

Skin: Slightly irritating

Eyes: May cause eye irritation with susceptible persons

Sensitization:

Not sensitizing.

Chronic toxicity:

No Chronic effects

#### **12.** ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Aquatic toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50/Danio rerio (Zebra fish)/96 hours > 100 mg/L (OECD 203)./96 hours > 100 mg/l, (OECD 203).

Toxicity to daphnia: EC50/Daphnia magna (Water flea)/48 hours > 100 mg/L (OECD 202).

Toxicity to algae: EC50/Scenedesmus subspicatus (Green algae)/72 hours > 100 mg/L (OECD

201).

Persistence and degradability: Not readily biodegradable.

Hydrolysis: Does not hydrolyze.



Revision Date: 10/3/2012

#### **13.** DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

**Disposal**: Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

**Container :** Rinse empty containers with water and use the rinse water to prepare the working solution. Can be landfilled or incinerated, when in compliance with local, state and federal regulations.

#### **14.** TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

**Remarks**: Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of DOT regulations.

IMDG/IMO

Remarks: Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of IMO/IMDG regulations.

ICAO/IATA

Remarks: Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of ICAO/IATA regulations

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**US SARA Reporting Requirements:** 

SARA (Section 311/312) hazard class: Not concerned.

<u>International Inventories</u> USA (TSCA): All components of this product are either listed on the inventory or are exempt from listing.

Canada (DSL): All components of this product are either listed on the inventory or are exempt from listing.



Revision Date: 10/3/2012

# **16.** OTHER INFORMATION NFPA and HMIS Ratings:



NFPA:

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Instability: 0

HMIS:

Health: 1 Flammability: 1 Physical Hazard: 0 MSDS was prepared in accordance with the following:

ISO 11014-1: Material Safety Data Sheet for Chemical Products ANSI Z400.1-2004; Material Safety Data Sheets - Preparation

Contact: 661.587.5716

The data in this Material Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process. This information is based upon technical information believed to be reliable. It is subject to revision as additional knowledge and experience is gained.

#### **SAFETY MEETING TOPIC:**

#### **Use of PAM Products for Soil Stabilization**



#### Introduction

Polyacrylamide (PAM) is a non-toxic chemical material that is being marketed nationwide for controlling soil erosion and sedimentation on construction sites. Current research has indicated that application of PAM in conjunction with conventional erosion and sediment controls (seed, mulch, perimeter controls, sediment basins, etc.) can be a safe, effective, and economical best management practice.

#### **Background**

PAM is a generic term for long-chain organic polymers that have been used in flocculating agents, wastewater treatment, active treatment chemicals, and food processing plants. Research and testing on the product PAM has demonstrated that occupational exposure to PAM is NON-TOXIC when used as directed and is not a Federally listed hazardous compound. PAM degrades safely into harmless organic molecules.

• This training is for the application of anionic or nonionic PAM products which are nontoxic to plant and animal life. <u>Cationic PAM</u> is highly toxic to aquatic life and is not compliant with the Alaska DEC Construction General Permit (CGP).

This training will reference "PAM" in two methods:

- 1. "PAM emulsions" indicating that a PAM media (e.g. dry granular, liquid emulsion, or premixed mulch bail packaged from the manufacturer) exists mixed in a mulch slurry
- 2. "PAM solo" representing the PAM media will be applied singly without a mulch.

This training is designed to discuss the land application of PAM for enhance performance with a mulch when applied directly to slopes, and other exposed soil surfaces for soil stabilization. However, there are PAM products available that may be applied solo with no mulch additive. This training is not intended for water application of a PAM product.

Document all names for this Tailgate Training in the project SWPPP Training Log 25D-125.

#### **Application**

Apply a PAM method to sites with problem soils in accordance with manufacturer's guidance and to comply with the Alaska CGP & MSGP

PAM emulsion application is intended for practice on areas with high amounts of fine silt, clay, or colloidal soils. PAM emulsions are generally applicable where the timely establishment of vegetation may not be feasible, is absent or inadequate, or where topographic conditions, construction activities, or other forces limit the utility of conventional temporary sediment control practices alone. PAM emulsion may be beneficial to the following activities/areas:

- Slopes
- Sites for winter shutdown (only when mixed with a mulch to enhance performance)

- Soil stockpiles
- Temporary or permanent stabilization
- All disturbed areas that have not been adequately stabilized with vegetation

PAM solo application is intended for practice on areas with high amounts of fine silt, clay, or colloidal soils. PAM solo is generally applicable for short-term stabilization. PAM solo may be beneficial to the following activities/areas:

- Soil stockpiles
- Temporary stabilization not to exceed 90 days (depending on PAM product)
- Slopes for temporary stabilization
- Staging areas
- Final graded soils before application of final stabilization (e.g. paving, planting, mulching)

#### **Application and Loading Instructions:**

- Comply with permit requirements prior to application (CGP Section 4.6 and MSGP Section 11.G.4.5)
- Remove any pre-existing rills and gullies before applying a PAM mulch slurry.
- Track-walking or some other soil imprinting devise is recommended to roughen the slope before application.
- Slope Interruption Devices, such as fiber rolls, should be applied prior to the application, if selected, and should be installed on steep slope contour perpendicular to the flow of water.
- Caution should be taken to avoid creating puddles or runoff. It is recommended for the slurry to be sprayed from multiple directions and angles to ensure proper coverage.
- When applying a PAM product to soil ensure the product is not applied into nearby waters.
- A polyacrylamide PAM additive (granular or liquid) shall not be applied to frozen soils or soils that have ice present.
- Treated areas shall not be disturbed after application.

#### Additional resources

Use with this training the following: product SWPPP Insert, Safety Data Sheet (SDS), product Manufactures recommendation, and the DOT&PF BMP 51.00 (Hydraulic Erosion Control Products (HECP)) to assist with this training.

Additional information can be found at:

https://content.ces.ncsu.edu/using-polyacrylamide-pam-to-reduce-erosion-on-construction-sites

#### **Safety Data Sheet (SDS) Information**

- Anionic or nonionic PAM products are nontoxic to plant and animal life.
- A polyacrylamide PAM additive either granular or liquid can be stored for 12 months and must be stored in a dry insulated location to avoid moisture and freezing.
- The SDS can be found in the SWPPP Appendix P-Treatment Chemical/Active Systems.

## PAM Safety Data Sheet (Note to Trainer: Hold up the SDS to explain the safety sections)

Section numbers to point out and discuss with group:

#1 Phone numbers (Company and Emergency)

#4 First Aid Measures (Skin and Eye contact)

#5 Fire-Fighting Measures (No flash point add will not ignite)

#7 Handling and Storage (Safe handling and secondary storage)

#8 Exposure Controls / Personal Protection
(Eye Protection, Skin Protection, and

Hygiene measures)

#9 Physical and Chemical Properties (Color, Odor, pH)

#14 Transport Information (Not classified as dangerous)

#16 How to read the Chemical Label

Color	
Blue	Health hazard
Red	Fire hazard
Yellow	Reactivity hazard
White	Special hazard

0 = mimimal hazar	d
1 = slight hazard	
2 = moderate haza	rd
3 = serious hazard	
4 = severe hazard	





# STATE OF ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC FACILITIES

# **SWPPP TRAINING LOG**

Of N.					
Projec	Project name: Seward Hwy: Dimond to Dowling Reconstruction, Ph. 1				
Project Number: <u>CFHWY00162</u>					
Projec	Project Location: Anchorage, AK				
	ctor's Name(s): <u>Spencer New</u> ctor's Titles(s): <u>Project Engin</u>		ager		
Cours	e Location: <u>Jobsite, Lore Rd.</u> e Date: <u>6.18.2018</u> e Length (hours): <u>0.25</u>	c			
	Water Training Topic: (check	cas appropriate)	rocedures		
☐ Se	ediment Control BMPs	☐ Good Housek	ceeping BMPs		
□ Ne	on-Storm Water BMPs	□ Treatment Ch     □ Tr	nemicals		
Specific Training Objective: <u>Use of PAM Products for Soil Stabilization (See Amend #60)</u> Attendee Roster: (see attached Safety Meeting Roster)					
No.	Name of Attendee		Company	Attendee Initials	
1			: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					

# Safety Meeting Report

Date:

06/18/2018 06:30:18 AM

Job:

10187380 - SEWARD HWY: DIMOND TO DOWLING

Recorder:

Spencer Newins

Duration:

30 minutes

Total training hours:

14.00

Meeting Type: Tool Box Safety Talks

4. Stretch & Flex - Stretch and Flex

PPE Personal Protection Equipment - Respirators and Proper Fit 3 Colaska Topics - 2018 silica anch plans, OSHA silica fact sheet

1 Colaska Flash Reports - 2018.06.15 Flash Report

### **ATTENDANCE**

Employees: 100.00% (28 on site, 28 attended)

Code	Name	On-site	Attended
BUTCHER, RAY	Butcher, Raymond D	X	X
NEWINS,SPE	Newins, Spencer T.	X	X
POTTER, DON	Potter, Donald D	X	X
NOYES,BYR	Noyes, Byron S	X	X
WILEY,LAN	Wiley, Lance T	X	X
TAYLOR,AMA	Taylor, Amanda N	X	X
PLUMB,JOS	Plumb, Joshua R	X	X
LARSON,CHR	Larson, Christopher A	X	X
WOOD,STE	Wood, Steven	X	X
KORYNTA,HEA	Korynta, Heather J		
TOYUKAK,HIL	Toyukak, Hilary D	X	X
BUTCHER,COD	Butcher, Cody R	X	X
FINKE,JOR	Finke, Jordan A	X	X
GWASH,MAT	Gwash, Matthew T	X	X
PARRISH,JAM	Parrish, James E	X	X
ZELLERS,MIC	Zellers, Michelle P	X	X
TURNER,BEN	Turner, Benjamin Clay	X	X
STENEHJ,RAY	Stenehjem, Raymond J	X	X
BECKMAN,BEN	Beckman-Arneson, Benjamin M	X	X
THOMPSO,MAR	Thompson, Mark L	X	X
HALL,NIC	Hall, Nichole M	X	X
THOMAS,LOG	Thomas, Logan B	X	X
JONES,RYA	Jones, Ryan Michael	X	X
SMITH,JAR	Smith, Jarrett E	X	X
TAYLOR,BRI	Taylor, Brittany E	X	X
THOMPSO,ROB	Thempson, Robin M	X	X

BUTCHER, DAR	Butcher, Dara L	X	X
MITCHEL,DAN	Mitchell, Daniel R	X	X
ZMERZLI,VEA	Zmerzliuc, Veaceslav M	X	X
Visitors:			
Name	Notes	On-site	Attended
Kim, Chong		X	X

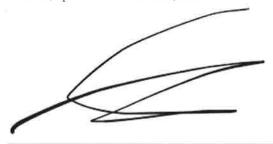
# **DOCUMENTS**

Respirators and Proper Fit.pdf
2018 Sillica Control Plans.pdf
silica\_fact\_sheets.pdf
Flash Report 061518\_CI Teams.pdf

Butcher, Raymond D - BUTCHER, RAY



Newins, Spencer T. - NEWINS, SPE



Potter, Donald D - POTTER.DON



Noyes, Byron S - NOYES, BYR



Wiley, Lance T - WILEY, LAN



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Taylor, Amanda N - TAYLOR, AMA



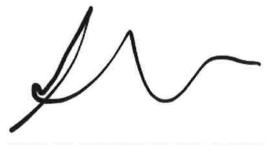
Plumb, Joshua R - PLUMB, JOS



Larson, Christopher A - LARSON, CHR



Wood, Steven - WOOD, STE



Korynta, Heather J - KORYNTA, HEA - Did Not Sign

Toyukak, Hilary D - TOYUKAK, HIL



Butcher, Cody R - BUTCHER, COD



Finke, Jordan A - FINKE, JOR



Gwash, Matthew T - GWASH, MAT



Parrish, James E - PARRISH, JAM



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Zellers, Michelle P - ZELLERS,MIC



Turner, Benjamin Clay - TURNER, BEN



Stenehjom, Raymond J - STENEHJ, RAY



Beckman-Arneson, Benjamin M - BECKMAN,BEN



Thompson, Mark L - THOMPSO, MAR



Signature Page 4/6

Hall, Nichole M - HALL, NIC



Thomas, Logan B - THOMAS, LOG



Jones, Ryan Michael - JONES, RYA



Smith, Jarrett E - SMITH, JAR



Taylor, Brittany E - TAYLOR, BRI



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Thompson, Robin M - THOMPSO, ROB



Butcher, Dara L - BUTCHER, DAR



Mitchell, Daniel R - MITCHEL, DAN



Zmerzline, Veaceslav M - ZMERZLI, VEA



Visitor309Kim, Chong - Kim, Chong



Signature Page 6/6